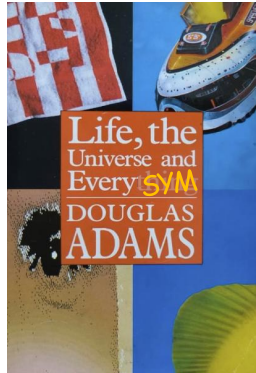




Actinide samples from Mainz



Life, the Universe and EverySYM

_____ or _____

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Helmholtz Institute Mainz, Mainz, Germany



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Life, the Universe and EverySYM

_____ or _____



Actinide samples from Mainz

- The (Oak Ridge &) Mainz (& ILL Grenoble) actinide program
- Application 1: Superheavy element research at GSI based on ORNL actinides
- Application 2: Laser++ experiments for nuclear and atomic physics and trace analytics
- Application 3: Samples for the fundamental symmetry community
- Summary

- The (Oak Ridge &) Mainz (& ILL Grenoble) actinide program
- Application 1: Superheavy element research at GSI based on ORNL actinides
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- Summary

Our program: actinides and superheavies

1																	18
1 H	2											13	14	15	16	17	2 He
3 Li	4 Be											5 B	6 C	7 N	8 O	9 F	10 Ne
11 Na	12 Mg											13 Al	14 Si	15 P	16 S	17 Cl	18 Ar
19 K	20 Ca	21 Sc	22 Ti	23 V	24 Cr	25 Mn	26 Fe	27 Co	28 Ni	29 Cu	30 Zn	31 Ga	32 Ge	33 As	34 Se	35 Br	36 Kr
37 Rb	38 Sr	39 Y	40 Zr	41 Nb	42 Mo	43 Tc	44 Ru	45 Rh	46 Pd	47 Ag	48 Cd	49 In	50 Sn	51 Sb	52 Te	53 I	54 Xe
55 Cs	56 Ba	57-71 La-Lu	72 Hf	73 Ta	74 W	75 Re	76 Os	77 Ir	78 Pt	79 Au	80 Hg	81 Tl	82 Pb	83 Bi	84 Po	85 At	86 Rn
87 Fr	88 Ra	89-103 Ac-Lr	104 Rf	105 Db	106 Sg	107 Bh	108 Hs	109 Mt	110 Ds	111 Rg	112 Cn	113 Nh	114 Fl	115 Mc	116 Lv	117 Ts	118 Og

57 La	58 Ce	59 Pr	60 Nd	61 Pm	62 Sm	63 Eu	64 Gd	65 Tb	66 Dy	67 Ho	68 Er	69 Tm	70 Yb	71 Lu
89 Ac	90 Th	91 Pa	92 U	93 Np	94 Pu	95 Am	96 Cm	97 Bk	98 Cf	99 Es	100 Fm	101 Md	102 No	103 Lr

tons

mg / µg / pg

Production of transuranics



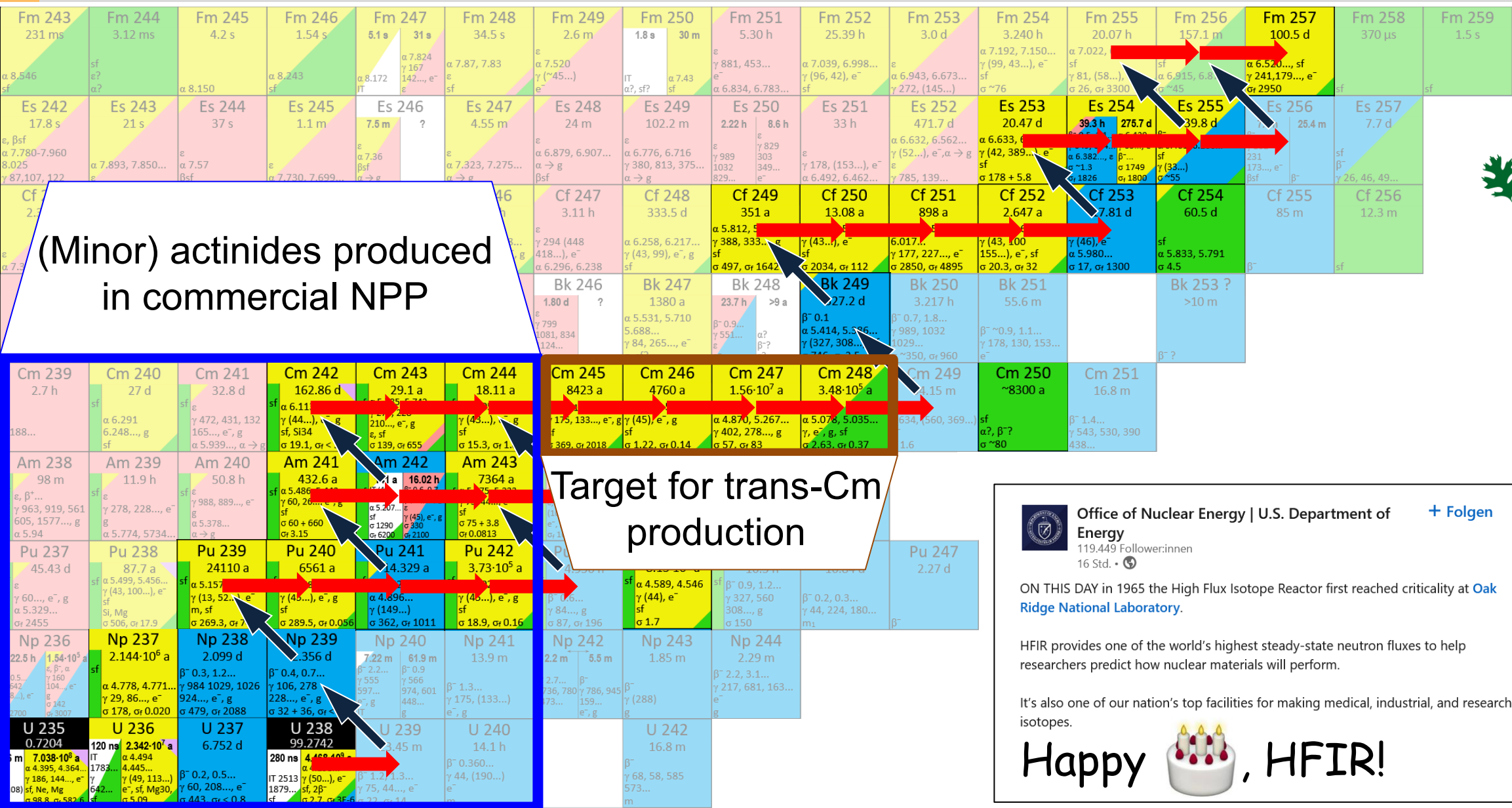
- α -decay
- β^- -decay
- β^+ /EC-decay
- SF

Slow neutron-capture process (s-process):

neutron-capture

β^- -decay

Production of transuranics



Target for trans-Cm production



Office of Nuclear Energy | U.S. Department of Energy

119,449 Follower:innen

16 Std. •

+ Folgen

ON THIS DAY in 1965 the High Flux Isotope Reactor first reached criticality at **Oak Ridge National Laboratory**.

HFIR provides one of the world's highest steady-state neutron fluxes to help researchers predict how nuclear materials will perform.

It's also one of our nation's top facilities for making medical, industrial, and research isotopes.

Happy , HFIR!



Production of transuranics



Fm 243 231 ms	Fm 244 3.12 ms	Fm 245 4.2 s	Fm 246 1.54 s	Fm 247 5.1 s 31 s	Fm 248 34.5 s	Fm 249 2.6 m	Fm 250 1.8 s 30 m	Fm 251 5.30 h	Fm 252 25.39 h	Fm 253 3.0 d	Fm 254 3.240 h	Fm 255 20.07 h	Fm 256 157.1 m	Fm 257 100.5 d	Fm 258 370 μs	Fm 259 1.5 s
α 8.546 sf	sf e? α?	α 8.150	α 8.243 sf	α 8.172 IT α 7.824 γ 167 142..., e ⁻ e ⁻	α 7.87, 7.83 sf	α 7.520 γ (~45...) e ⁻	IT α 7.43 sf α 6.834, 6.783...	α 7.881, 453... e ⁻ α 6.834, 6.783...	α 7.039, 6.998... γ (96, 42), e ⁻ sf	α 6.943, 6.673... γ 272, (145...) sf	α 7.192, 7.150... γ (99, 43...), e ⁻ sf σ ~76	α 7.022, 6.963... sf γ 81, (58...), e ⁻ σ 26, σ 3300	sf α 6.915, 6.870 σ ~45	α 6.520..., sf γ 241, 179..., e ⁻ σ 2950		
Es 242 17.8 s	Es 243 21 s	Es 244 37 s	Es 245 1.1 m	Es 246 7.5 m ?	Es 247 4.55 m	Es 248 24 m	Es 249 102.2 m	Es 250 2.22 h 8.6 h	Es 251 33 h	Es 252 471.7 d	Es 253 20.47 d	Es 254 39.3 h 275.7 d	Es 255 39.8 d	Es 256 7.6 h 25.4 m	Es 257 7.7 d	
e, βsf α 7.780-7.960 8.025 γ 87, 107, 122	α 7.893, 7.850... e ⁻	α 7.57 βsf	α 7.730, 7.699... e ⁻	α 7.36 βsf α → g	α 7.323, 7.275... α → g	α 6.879, 6.907... α → g βsf	α 6.776, 6.716 γ 380, 813, 375... α → g	α 6.776, 6.716 γ 380, 813, 375... α → g	α 6.492, 6.462... γ 178, (153...), e ⁻ sf	α 6.632, 6.562... γ (52...), e ⁻ , α → g sf	α 6.633, 6.591... γ (42, 389...), e ⁻ sf σ 178 + 5.8	α 6.42... γ 0.5, 1.1... 649, 694... 6.382... e ⁻ σ 1749 σ 1800	α 6.266... γ (33...) σ 55	β ⁻ γ 862 231 173..., e ⁻ βsf	β ⁻ γ 26, 46, 49...	
Cf 241 2.35 m	Cf 242 3.49 m	Cf 243 10.7 m	Cf 244 19.4 m	Cf 245 45.0 m	Cf 246 35.7 h	Cf 247 3.11 h	Cf 248 333.5 d	Cf 249 351 a	Cf 250 13.08 a	Cf 251 898 a	Cf 252 2.647 a	Cf 253 17.81 d	Cf 254 60.5 d	Cf 255 85 m	Cf 256 12.3 m	
α 7.328	α 7.392, 7.358 e ⁻	α 7.06, 7.17 e ⁻	α 7.209, 7.174 γ (38), e ⁻ α → g	α 7.138, 7.084... γ 51, 56 α → g	α 6.750, 6.708... γ (42, 96...), e ⁻ , g sf	α 7.294 (448 418...), e ⁻ α 6.296, 6.238	α 6.258, 6.217... γ (43, 99), e ⁻ , g sf	α 5.812, 5.758... 388, 333..., g f α 497, α 1642	α 6.030, 5.989... γ (43...), e ⁻ f α 2034, α 112	α 5.679, 5.854 6.017... γ 177, 227..., e ⁻ σ 2850, σ 4895	α 6.118, 6.076... γ (43, 100 155...), e ⁻ , sf σ 20.3, σ 32	α 5.3... e ⁻ α 5.980... σ 17, σ 1300	α 5.833, 5.791 σ 4.5	β ⁻	sf	
Bk 240 5 m	Bk 241 4.6 m	Bk 242 7 m	Bk 243 4.5 h	Bk 244 5.02 h	Bk 245 4.95 d	Bk 246 1.80 d ?	Bk 247 1380 a	Bk 248 23.7 h >9 a	Bk 249 327.2 d	Bk 250 3.217 h	Bk 251 55.6 m			Bk 253 ? >10 m		
e βsf	α 7.262, 152, 211 e ⁻	sf e g	sf e γ 755, 946..., g α 6.577, 6.545... α → g	sf e γ 891, 217 921..., g α 6.665, 6.626 α → g	sf e γ 253, 381... e ⁻ , g α 5.886 6.147..., α → g	e γ 799 1081, 834 1124... e ⁻	α 5.531, 5.710 5.688... γ 84, 265..., e ⁻ g, sf?	β ⁻ 0.9... γ 551... e ⁻ α?	α 5.414, 5.386... (327, 308...), sf α 716, α 2.5	α 989, 1032 1029... α ~350, α 960	β ⁻ ~0.9, 1.1... γ 178, 130, 153... e ⁻			β ⁻ ?		
Cm 239 2.7 h	Cm 240 27 d	Cm 241 32.8 d	Cm 242 162.86 d	Cm 243 29.1 a	Cm 244 18.11 a	Cm 245 8423 a	Cm 246 4760 a	Cm 247 1.56·10 ⁷ a	Cm 248 3.48·10 ⁵ a	Cm 249 64.15 m	Cm 250 ~8300 a	Cm 251 16.8 m				
α 7.188... g	sf α 6.291 6.248..., g sf	sf e γ 472, 431, 132 165..., e ⁻ , g α 5.939..., α → g	sf e α 6.113, 6.069... γ (44...), e ⁻ , g sf, S134 α 19.1, α < 5	sf e α 5.785, 5.742... γ 278, 228 210..., e ⁻ , g sf, e, sf α 139, α 655	sf e α 5.805, 5.763... γ (43...), e ⁻ , g sf α 15.3, α 1.04	sf e α 5.361, 5.304... γ 175, 133..., e ⁻ , g sf α 369, α 2018	sf e α 5.386, 5.343... γ (45), e ⁻ , g sf α 1.22, α 0.14	α 4.870, 5.267... γ 402, 278..., g α 57, α 83	α 5.078, 5.035... γ e ⁻ , g, sf α 2.63, α 0.37	β ⁻ 0.9... γ 634, (560, 369...) e ⁻ α 1.6	sf α?, β? α ~80	β ⁻ 1.4... γ 543, 530, 390 438...				
Am 238 98 m	Am 239 11.9 h	Am 240 50.8 h	Am 241 432.6 a	Am 242 141 a 16.02 h	Am 243 7364 a	Am 244 26 m 10.1 h	Am 245 2.05 h	Am 246 25 m 39 m	Am 247 23 m							
sf e, β ⁺ ... γ 963, 919, 561 605, 1577..., g α 5.94	sf e γ 278, 228..., e ⁻ g α 5.774, 5734...	sf e γ 988, 889..., e ⁻ g α 5.378... α → g	sf e α 5.486, 5.443... γ 60, 26..., e ⁻ , g sf α 60 + 660 α 3.15	sf e α 5.486, 5.443... γ 60, 26..., e ⁻ , g sf α 60 + 660 α 3.15	sf e α 5.275, 5.233... γ 75, 44..., e ⁻ sf α 75 + 3.8 α 0.0813	sf e β ⁻ 1.5... e, γ (1084...) γ 744, 898 154..., e ⁻ α 1600, α 2300	sf e β ⁻ 0.9... γ 253, (241 296...), e ⁻ , g	sf e β ⁻ 1.2... 2.2... γ 1079 799 1062... 756...	β ⁻ γ 285, 226, e ⁻							
Pu 237 45.43 d	Pu 238 87.7 a	Pu 239 24110 a	Pu 240 6561 a	Pu 241 14.329 a	Pu 242 3.73·10 ⁵ a	Pu 243 4.956 h	Pu 244 8.13·10 ⁷ a	Pu 245 10.5 h	Pu 246 10.84 d	Pu 247 2.27 d						
sf e γ 60..., e ⁻ , g α 5.329... σ 2455	sf e α 5.499, 5.456... γ (43, 100...), e ⁻ sf Sj, Mg α 506, α 17.9	sf e α 5.157, 5.144... γ (13, 52...), e ⁻ m, sf α 269.3, α 748	sf e α 5.168, 5.124... γ (45...), e ⁻ , g sf α 289.5, α 0.05	sf e β ⁻ 0.02, g α 4.896... γ (149...) α 362, α 1011	sf e α 4.902, 4.858... γ (45...), e ⁻ , g sf α 18.9, α 0.16	sf e β ⁻ 0.6... γ 84..., g α 87, α 196	sf e α 4.589, 4.546 γ (44), e ⁻ sf α 1.7	sf e β ⁻ 0.9, 1.2... γ 327, 560 308..., g σ 150	β ⁻ 0.2, 0.3... γ 44, 224, 180... m ₁	β ⁻						
Np 236 22.5 h	Np 237 2.144·10 ⁶ a	Np 238 2.099 d	Np 239 2.356 d	Np 240 7.22 m 61.9 m	Np 241 13.9 m	Np 242 2.2 m 5.5 m	Np 243 1.85 m	Np 244 2.29 m								
β ⁻ 0.5... γ 642 688..., e ⁻ α 2700	sf e, β ⁺ ... γ 160 104..., e ⁻ 688..., e ⁻ α 2700	β ⁻ 0.3, 1.2... γ 984 1029, 1026 924..., e ⁻ , g α 479, α 2088	β ⁻ 0.4, 0.7... γ 106, 278 228..., e ⁻ , g σ 32 + 36, α < 1	β ⁻ 2.2... γ 555 597... 974, 601 448... g	β ⁻ 1.3... γ 736, 780 1473... 159... e ⁻ , g	β ⁻ 2.7... γ 736, 780 1473... 159... e ⁻ , g	β ⁻ (288) g	β ⁻ 2.2, 3.1... γ 217, 681, 163... g								
U 235 0.7204	U 236 2.342·10 ⁷ a	U 237 6.752 d	U 238 99.2742	U 239 23.45 m	U 240 14.1 h		U 242 16.8 m									
26 m 7.038·10 ⁸ a α 4.395, 4.364... γ 186, 144..., e ⁻ sf, Ne, Me e ⁻	120 ns 4.494 4.445... γ (49, 113...) 642... e ⁻ , sf, Mg30, α 5.09	β ⁻ 0.2, 0.5... γ 60, 208..., e ⁻ α 443, α < 0.8	280 ns 4.468·10 ⁸ a α 4.198... γ (50...), e ⁻ 1879... sf, 28 ⁺ σ 2.7, α 3E-6	β ⁻ 1.2, 1.3... γ 75, 44..., e ⁻ σ 22, σ 14	β ⁻ 0.360... γ 44, (190...) e ⁻ 573... m		β ⁻ γ 68, 58, 585 573... m									

Key (trans-)curiums

Key minor actinides

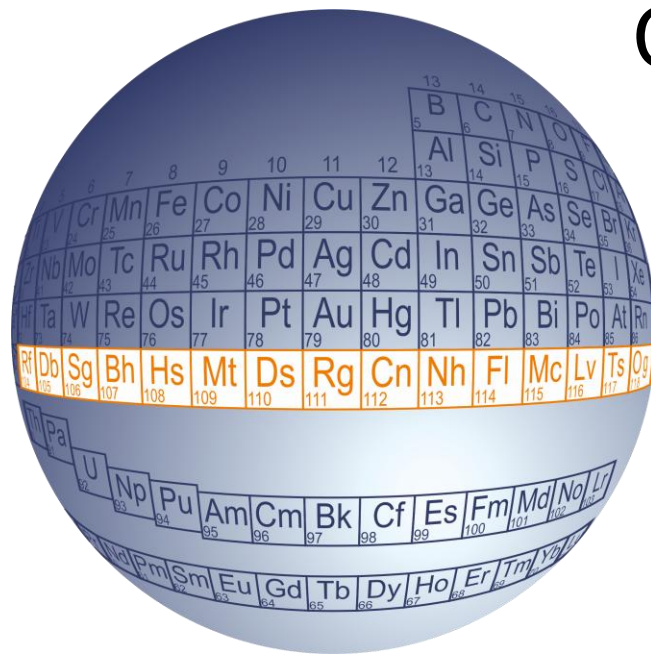


Key (trans-)curiums (rare)



Key minor actinides (abundant)

- The (Oak Ridge &) Mainz (& ILL Grenoble) actinide program
- **Application 1: Superheavy element research at GSI based on ORNL actinides**
- Application 2: Laser++ experiments for nuclear and atomic physics and trace analytics
- Application 3: Samples for the fundamental symmetry community
- Summary



Chemical studies of the superheavy elements:

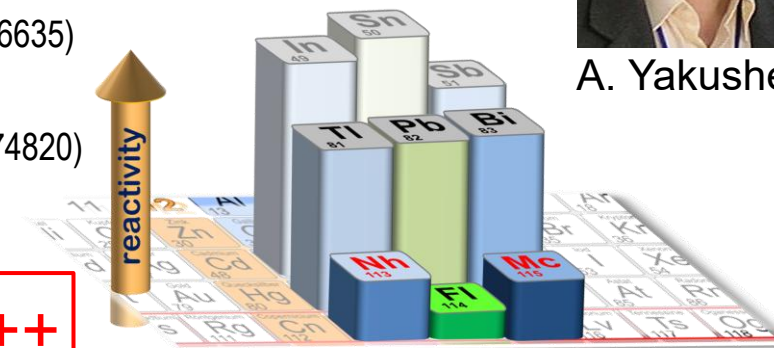
The heaviest chemically classified elements

- ^{114}Fl (A. Yakushev *et al.*, Front. Chem. 10 (2022) 976635)
- ^{113}Nh ^{115}Mc (A. Yakushev *et al.*, Front Chem. 12 (2024) 1474820)

Based on ^{244}Pu and ^{243}Am targets



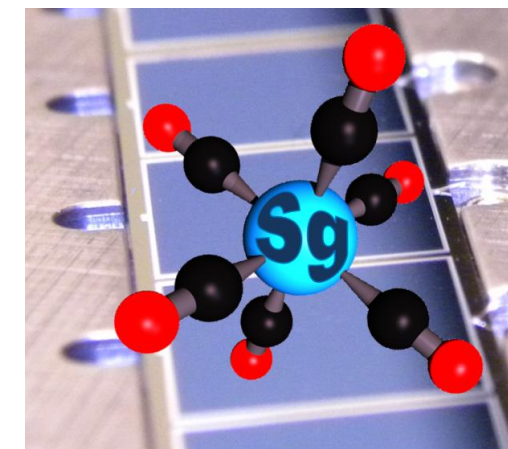
#1: 100 mg ^{248}Cm for ^{116}Lv chem.++



A. Yakushev

Molecular studies of $^{106}\text{Sg}(\text{CO})_6$

- **Volatility and reactivity**
- Based on ^{248}Cm targets (J. Even *et al.*, Science 345 (2014) 1491)
- **Reaction kinetics and bond strength**
- Based on ^{208}Pb targets (A. Yakushev *et al.*, pre-accepted in Nature)



J. Even

Charting the shore of the Island of Stability

- 60-ns ^{252}Rf marks the shoreline towards the Sea of fission Instability
- Detection possible thanks to longer-lived high- K state

J. Khuyagbaatar et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 134 (2025) 022501

Editors' Suggestion / Featured in Physics

- New ^{257}Sg : Expands shoreline to Sg
- New $^{259\text{m}}\text{Sg}$: First high- K state in Sg

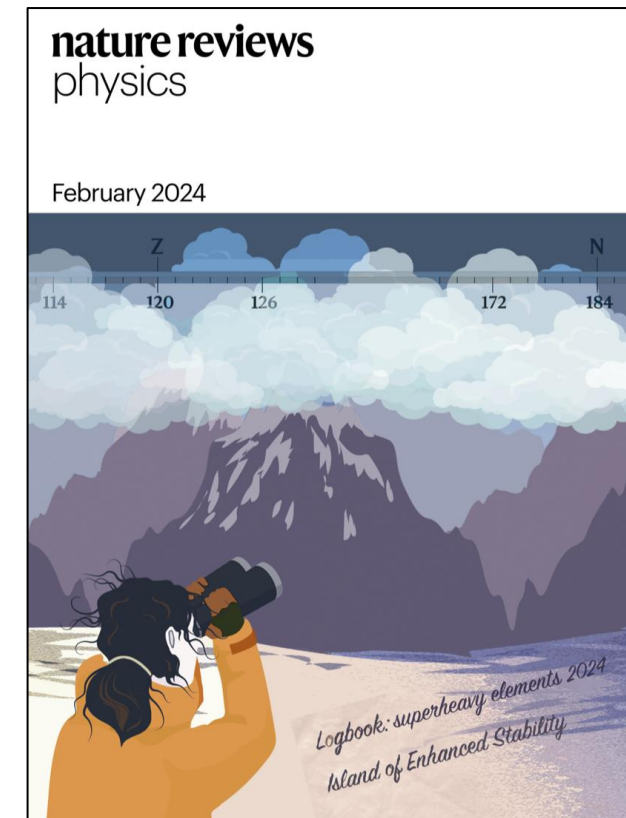
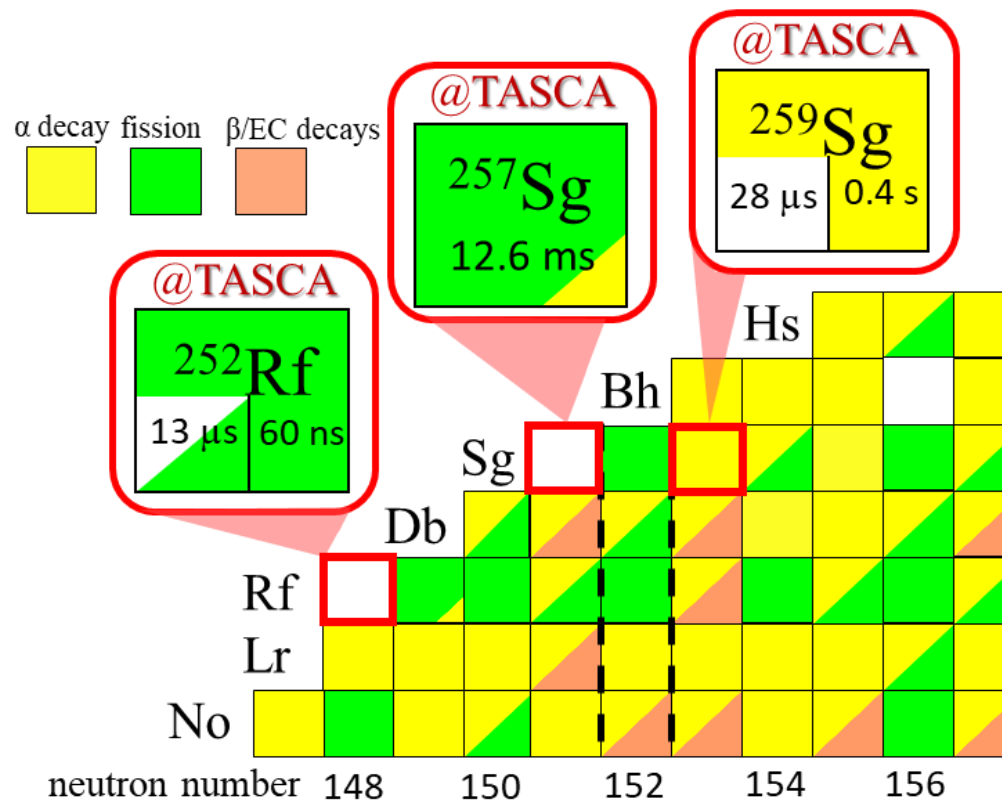
P. Mosat et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 134 (2025) 232501

Editors' Suggestion



J. Khuyagbaatar

P. Mosat



O. Smits et al., Nat. Rev. Phys. 6 (2024) 86

Breadth of SHE research @ GSI Darmstadt

Reaction studies toward Z=120 (ANU)

H.M. Albers *et al.*, Phys. Lett. B 808 (2020) 135626 (Z=120)
D.Y. Jeung *et al.*, Phys. Lett. B 837 (2023) 137641

Search beyond Z=118

J. Khuyagbaatar *et al.*, PRC 102 (2020) 064602 (Z=119&120)
S. Hofmann, Russ. Chem. Rev. 78 (2009) 1123 (Z=120)
S. Hofmann *et al.*, EPJA 52 (2016) 180 (Z=120)

Elements Lv&Ts confirmed

J. Khuyagbaatar *et al.*, PRL 112 (2014) 172501
S. Hofmann *et al.*, EPJA 48 (2012) 62

Nuclear structure in Fl/Mc chains

D. Rudolph *et al.*, PRL 111 (2013) 112502
A. Sămark-Roth *et al.*, PRL 126 (2021) 032503

High σ for $^{48}\text{Ca} + ^{244}\text{Pu} \rightarrow ^{292}\text{Fl}^*$

Ch.E. Düllmann *et al.*, PRL 104 (2010) 252701

Deformed doubly-magic $^{270}_{108}\text{Hs}_{162}$

J. Dvorak *et al.*, PRL 97 (2006) 242501
J. Dvorak *et al.*, PRL 100 (2008) 132503

High precision mass spec: mapping the N=152 shell closure

M. Block *et al.*, Nature 463 (2010) 785
E. Minaya Ramirez *et al.*, Science 337 (2012) 1207

Chemical studies

Ch.E. Düllmann *et al.*, Nature 418 (2002) 859 (Hassium)
J. Even *et al.*, Science 345 (2014) 1491 (Seaborgium)
A. Yakushev *et al.*, Front. Chem. 9 (2021) 753738 (Nihonium)
A. Yakushev *et al.*, Front. Chem. 10 (2022) 976635 (Flerovium)
A. Yakushev *et al.*, Front. Chem. 12 (2024) 1474820 (Moscovium)

Shore of Island of Stability in Rf & Sg

J. Khuyagbaatar *et al.*, PRL 134 (2025) 022501
P. Mosat *et al.*, PRL 134 (2025) 232501

Laser spectroscopy in Fm & No

M. Laatiaoui *et al.*, Nature 538 (2016) 495
S. Raeder *et al.*, PRL 120 (2018) 232503
P. Chhetri *et al.*, PRL 120 (2018) 263003
J. Warbinek *et al.*, Nature 634 (2024) 1075

Nuclear studies

Atomic & chemical

Green: articles based on actinide material

 **OAK RIDGE**
National Laboratory

^{244}Pu , ^{243}Am , ^{248}Cm , ^{249}Bk , ^{249}Cf , ^{254}Es , ^{257}Fm

Neutron number N

 **U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**

U.S. DOE Isotope Program,
managed by Office of Science

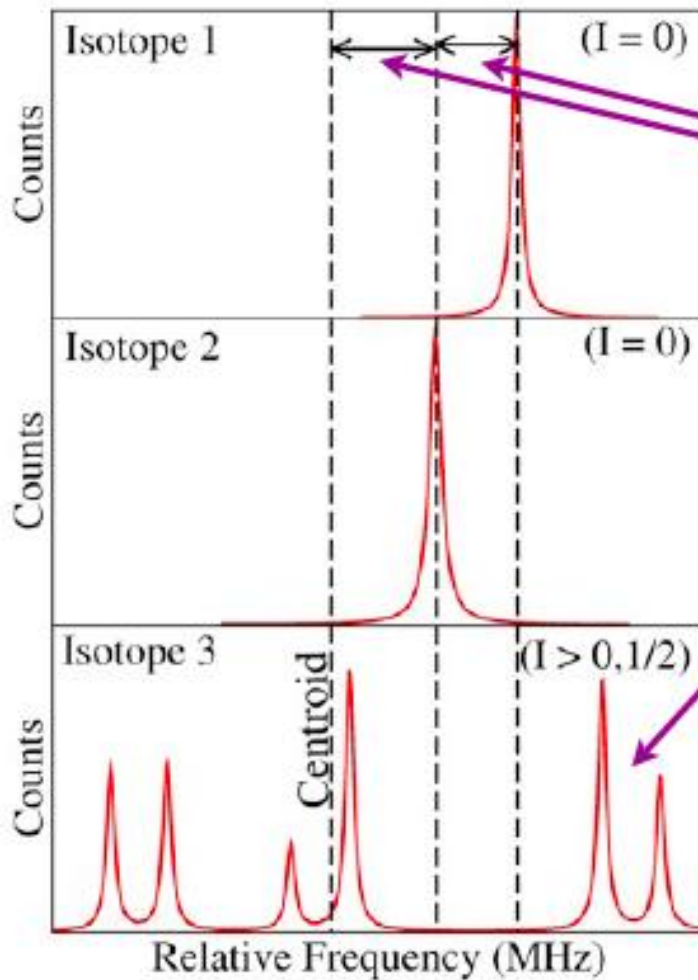
- The (Oak Ridge &) Mainz (& ILL Grenoble) actinide program
- Application 1: Superheavy element research at GSI based on ORNL actinides
- **Application 2: Laser++ experiments for nuclear and atomic physics and trace analytics**
- Application 3: Samples for the fundamental symmetry community
- Summary

Production, purification, sample preparation and analytics of the **macroscopically available actinides** are a pillar of our research program

89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
Ac	Th	Pa	U	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	Bk	Cf	Es	Fm

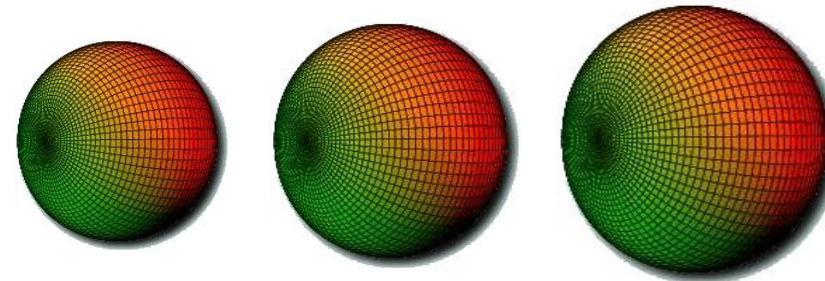
tons

mg / μ g / pg



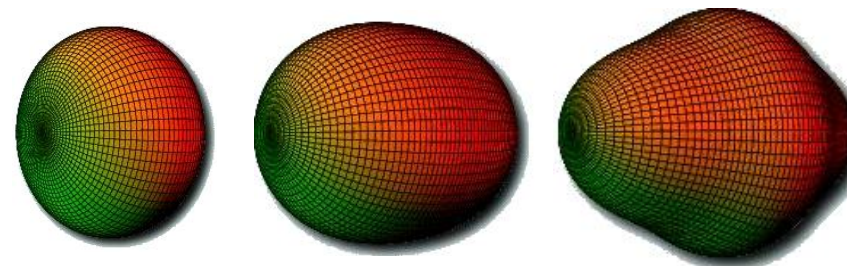
Isotope shifts in atomic level energies reflect changes in mean square charge radii

→ **nuclear size**



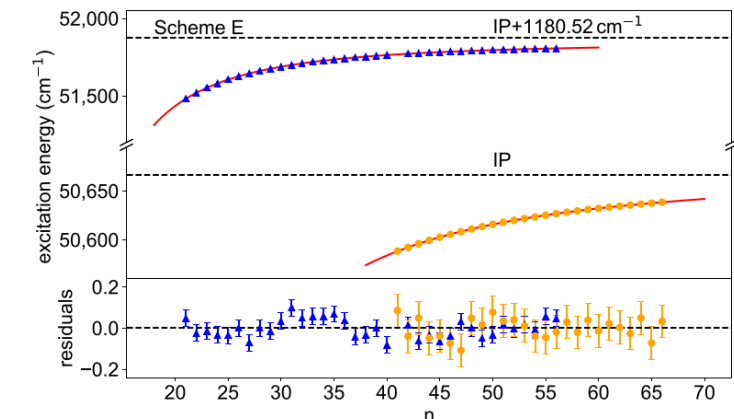
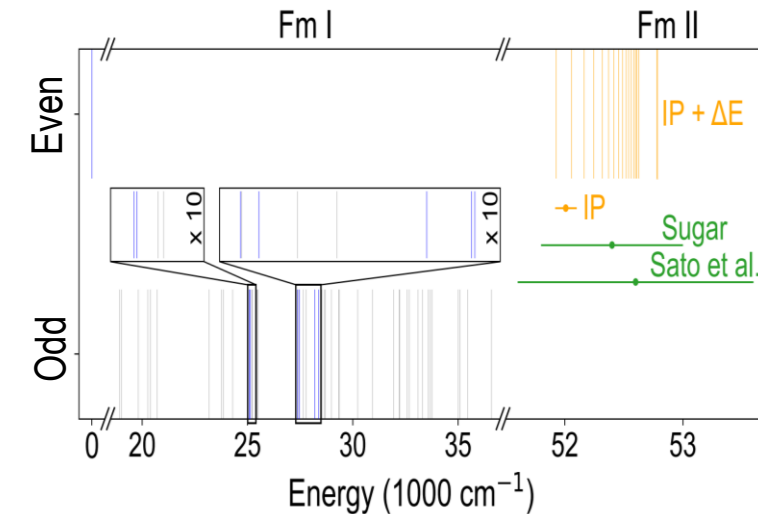
Hyperfine structure of individual lines in odd-A / odd-odd isotopes reflects magnetic dipole moment & spectroscopic quadrupole moment

→ **nuclear shape**

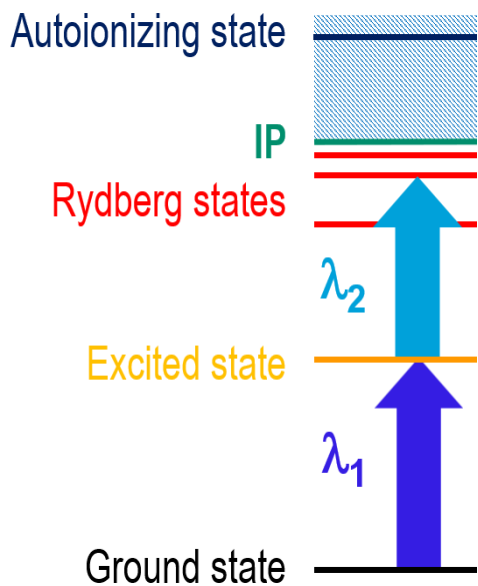


Rydberg spectroscopy

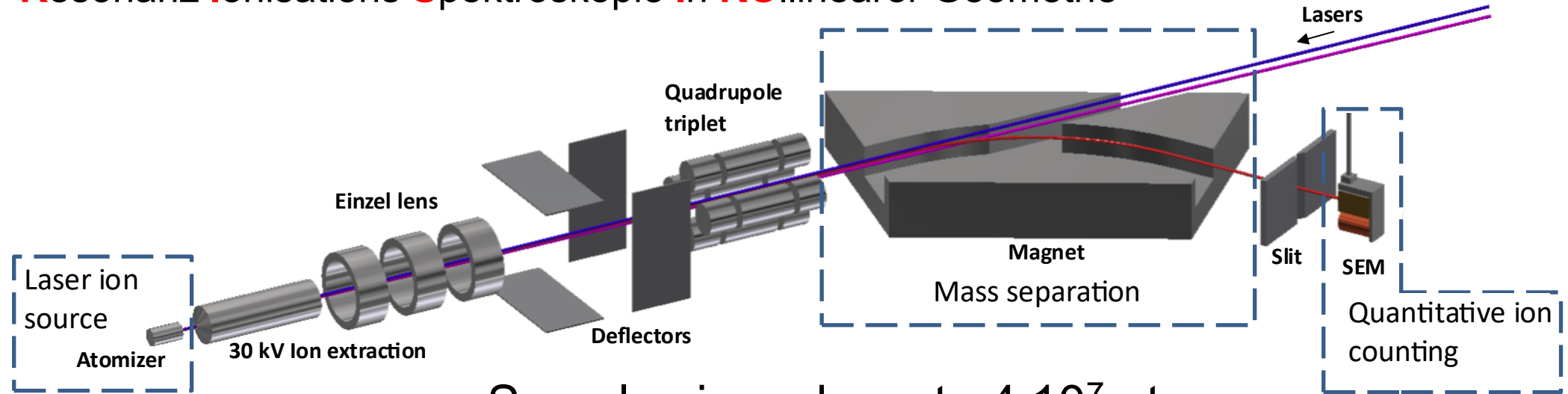
→ **ionization potential**



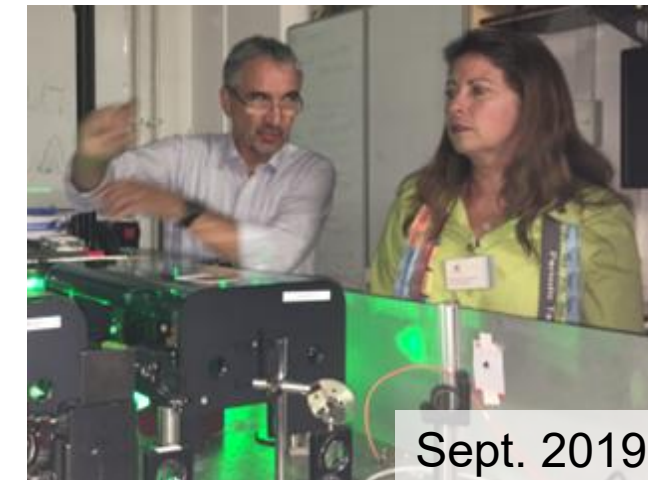
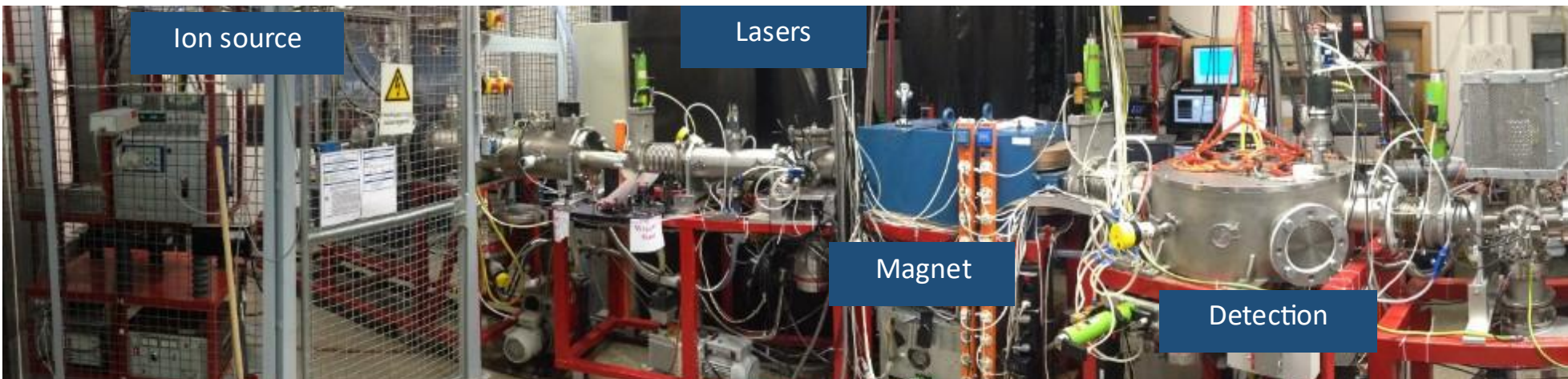
RISIKO Laser-Ionization Mass Spectrometer



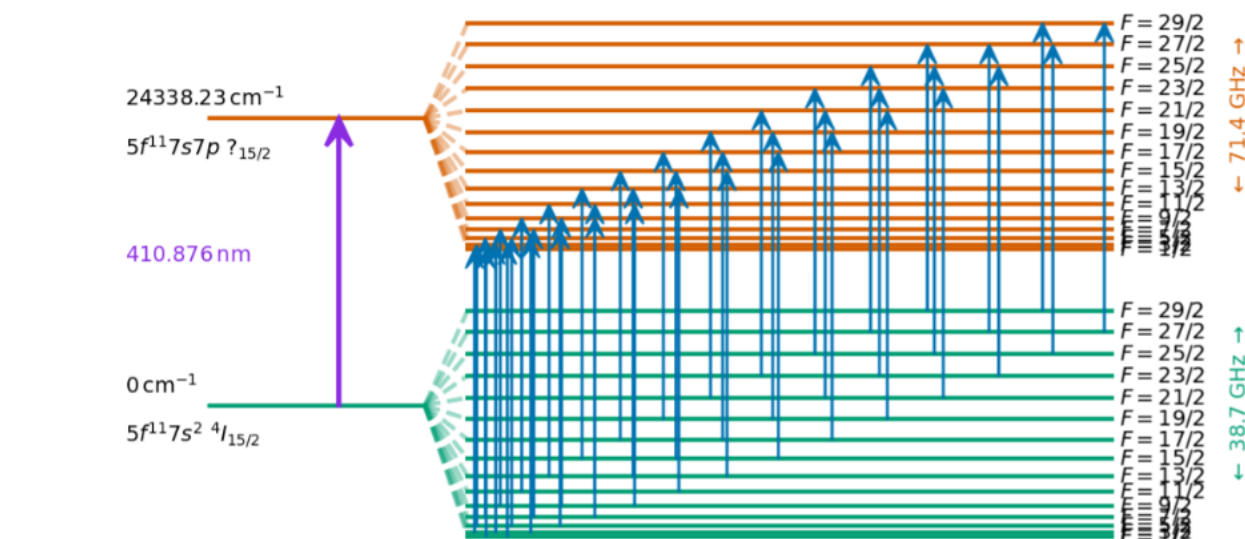
Resonanz Ionisations Spektroskopie In Kollinearer Geometrie



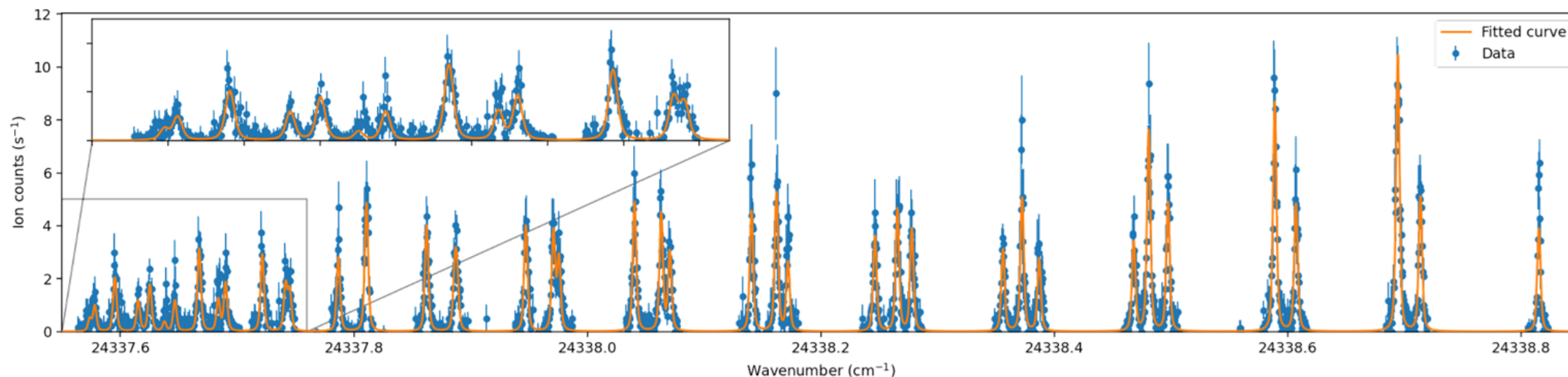
Sample sizes down to $4 \cdot 10^7$ atoms



Example: hyperfine spectroscopy in ^{254}Es



- Measured with PI-LIST ion source
- Spectral bandwidth of $\sim 100\text{ MHz}$
- Hyperfine coupling constants in agreement with low resolution (1-2 GHz) measurement
(S. Nothhelfer *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C 105 (2022) L021302)



Manuscript in preparation

HIM



OAK
RIDGE
National Laboratory

After post-irradiation @

☐ Isotopes studied online @ GSI
(also on ^{102}No isotopic chain, not shown)

R. Hasse *et al.*, in prep.
 F. Weber *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C 107 (2023) 034313
 S. Berndt *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. (in review)
 S. Nothhelfer *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C 105 (2022) L021302
 M. Urquiza *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. 136 (2026) 192501
 J. Warbinek *et al.*, Nature 634 (2024) 1075

(green entries: w/ ORNL co-authors & DOE Acknowl.)

The fermium collaboration



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TU Darmstadt

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Nagoya University

Hideki Tomita

CERN

Reinhard Heinke



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S. Karpuk

ILL Grenoble

ILL reactor team and health physics

Oak Ridge National Laboratory

Nate Sims, Radioisotope Laboratory Technician
Nonreactor Nuclear Facilities Division Hot Cell Staff

This Marie Skłodowska-Curie Action (MSCA) Innovative Training Network (ITN) receives funding from the European Union H2020 Framework Program under grant agreement no. 861198. LISA will run from November 2019 to October 2023.

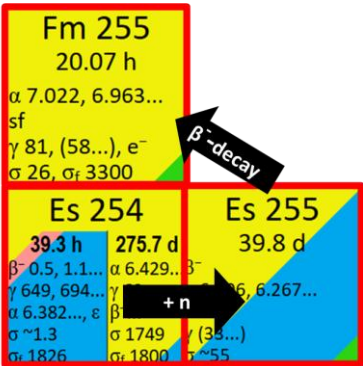
This research is supported by the U.S. DOE, Office of Science, BES Heavy Element Chemistry program. The isotopes used in this research were supplied by the U.S. DOE Isotope Program, managed by the Office of Science for Nuclear Physics.



2026/2027: Plans for the next $^{254}\text{Es}++$ campaign



- 1) production of the sample / handling at Mines / shipment: Joe Sperling / Thomas Albrecht
- 2) considerations for the ILL irradiation: Ulli Köster
- 3) cross section (verification) measurements of Es-254, Es-255: Melanie Feucht
- 4) direct measurement of the ionization potential of Fm (Fm-255): Sebastian Berndt / Sebastian Raeder / Jana Weyrich
- 5) development of three-step ionization schemes for Fm (Fm-255): Sebastian Berndt / Sebastian Raeder / Jana Weyrich
- 6) biological effects of single 7-MeV alpha particles (Fm-255): Charlot Vandevoorde / Martina Benesova-Schäfer / Isabelle Miederer
- 7) development of three-step ionization schemes for Es (Es-254): Sebastian Berndt / Sebastian Raeder / Jana Weyrich
- 8) hyperfine structure studies in Bk-250 (from Es-254): Julian Hindermann
- 9) Penning trap high-precision mass measurement of Es-254: Tanvir Sayed
- 10) Bk-250 BDF search: Thomas Cocolios



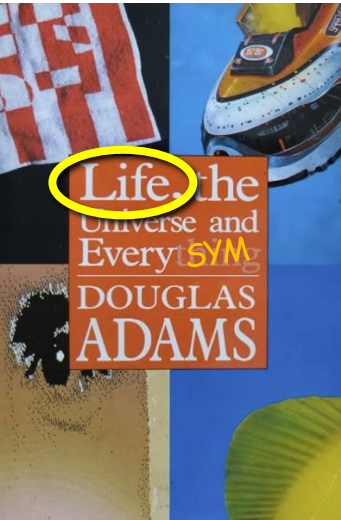
Sample size: 68 ng



UNIVERSITÄTSmedizin.
MAINZ



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY



Current workhorse:
Lu-177

Hf 177		
51.4 m	1.09 s	18.58
IT 214		
e ⁻		
γ 277	IT 228	
295	e ⁻	
327...	γ 208	
m ₁	379...	

Lu 177		
7 m	160.4 d	6.6443 d
β 0.2		β ⁻
γ 208		0.5...
β ⁻	228..., m ₁	γ 208
γ 1003	IT(116), e ⁻	113...
89...	γ 414...	e ⁻ , g
m ₂	σ 417	σ 880

- Going towards targeted alpha-therapy
- But: Ac-chain emits multiple alphas over time that is sufficiently long for redistribution in human body
 - How to disentangle the influence of different effects?
 - Needs „single“ α-emitter w/o decay chain
- **Example 1: At-211** → Chemistry is very different.
 - Will DOTA work?

Future workhorse: Ac-225

Ac 225		
9.920 d		
α 5.830, 5.793		
5.732...		
(150, 188)		

Fr 221		
4.801 m		
α 6.341, 6.126...		
(100, 410...)		

Po 213		
3.708 μs		
α 8.4...		

At 217		
32.6 ms		
α 9.3, 335...		

Bi 209		
100		
2.01·10 ¹⁹ a		
α 3.077...		
σ 0.018 + 0.0...		
σ _{n,α} < 3E-7		

Pb 209		
3.234 h		
β ⁻ 0.644		
no γ		

Bi 213		
45.61 m		
β ⁻ 1.4...		
γ 440, (293, 807...)		
α 5.875, 5.558		

- **Example 2: Tb-149**
 - Low alpha energy
 - Low alpha branch (25%)
 - Hard to get
- **Example 3: Fm-255**
 - High alpha energy
 - 100% alpha branch
 - Almost impossible to get

At 211		
7.214 h		
ε		
α 5.8695...		

Bi 207		
31.55 a		
ε, β ⁺ ...		
γ 570, 1064		
1770...		

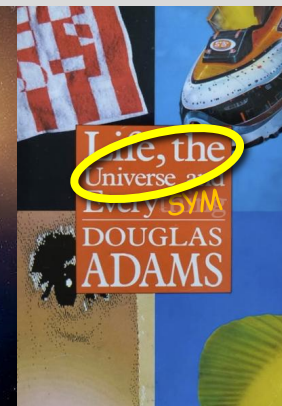
Tb 149		
4.2 m	4.1 h	
ε		
β ⁺		
α 3.97...		
β ⁺ 1.8...		
γ 352		
165...		

Eu 145		
5.93 d		
ε		
γ 61, (492...)		
e ⁻		
σ 280		

Fm 255		
20.07 h		
α 7.022, 6.963...		
ε		
β ⁺ ...		
γ 177, 227..., e ⁻		
σ 2850, σ _f 4895		

Cf 251		
898 a		
α 5.679, 5.854		
6.017...		
γ 177, 227..., e ⁻		
σ 2850, σ _f 4895		

 #2: 1 μg ²⁵⁴Es for biomed++ research



How does the life of a
neutron star end?



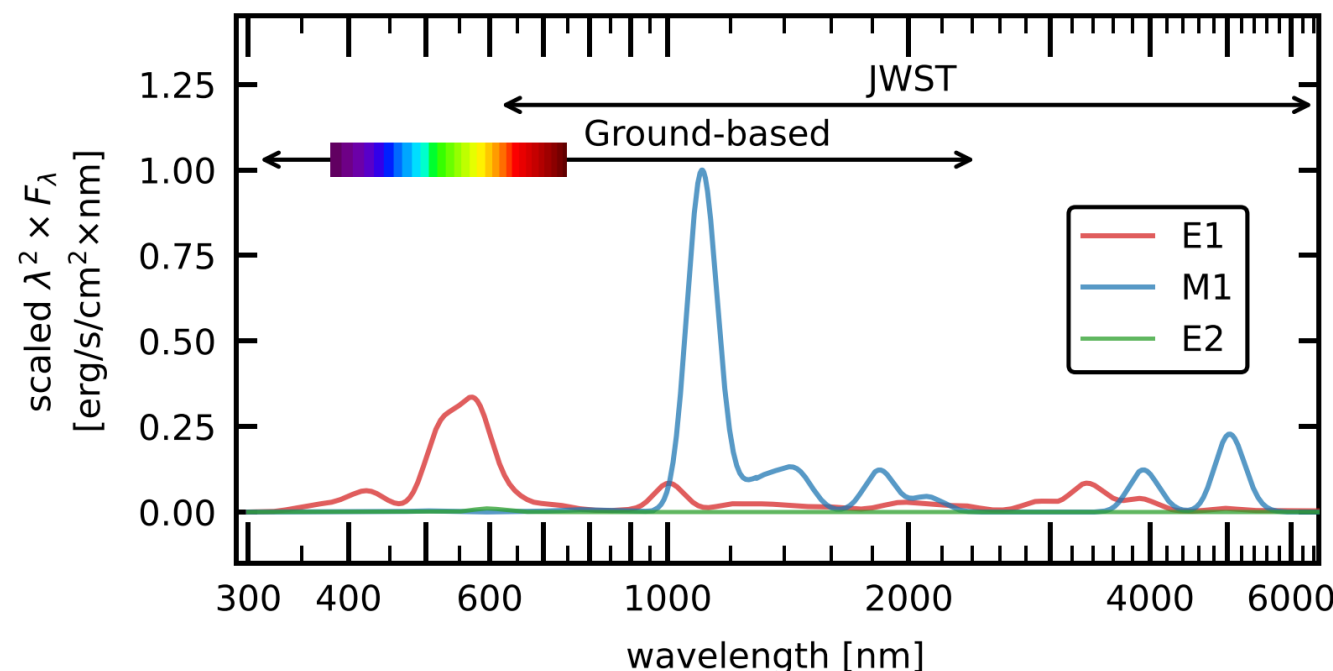
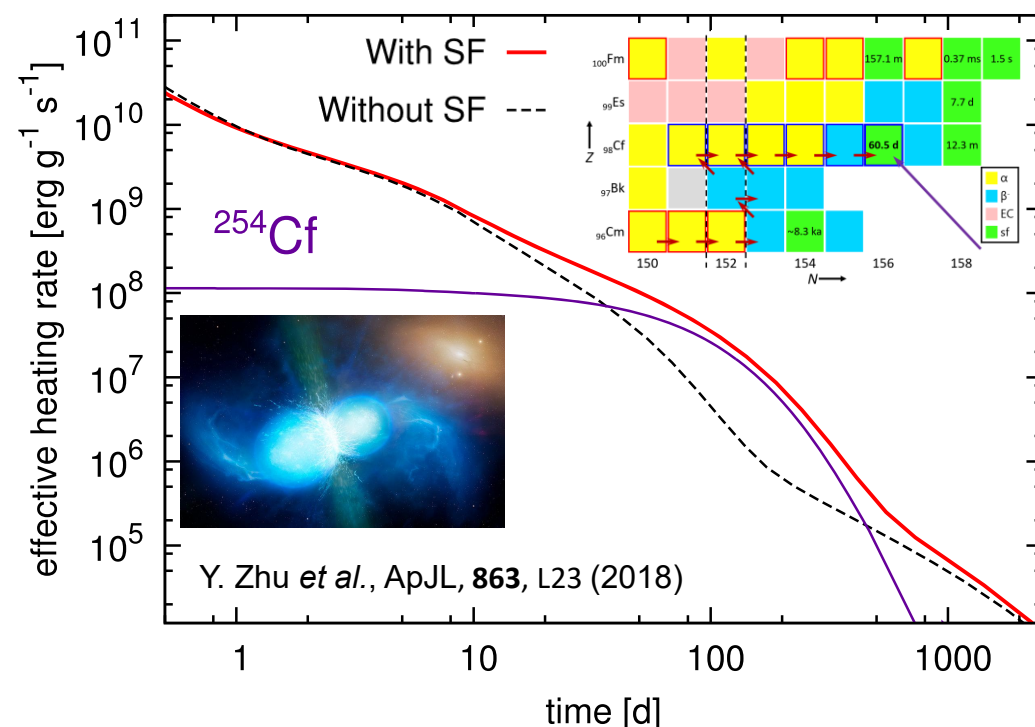
...and where do the heavy
elements on Earth come from?



Two merging neutron stars create a luminous event called “kilonova”

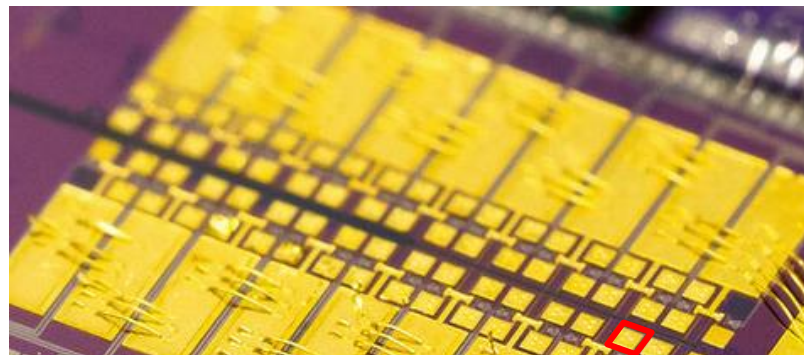
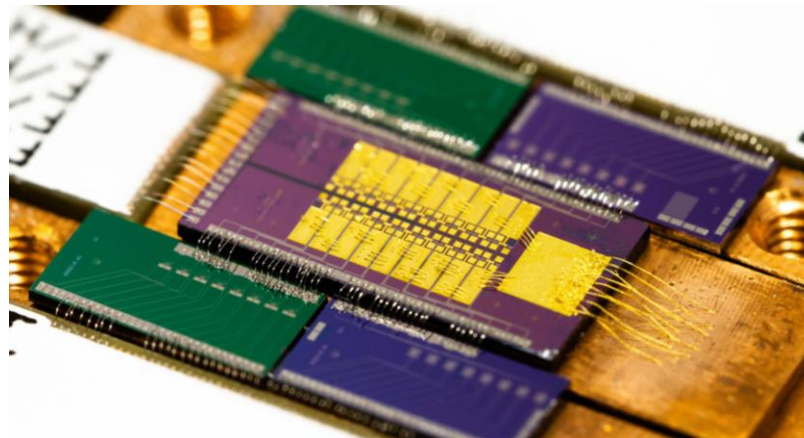
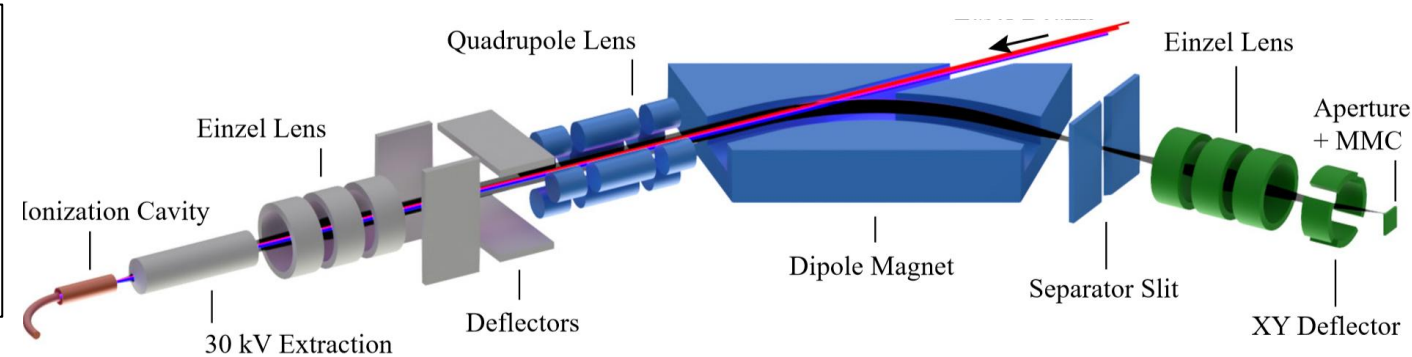
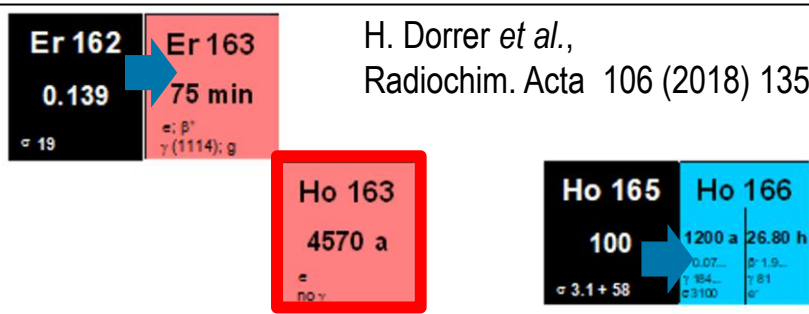
To date: exactly one kilonova was observed, ever (2017, LIGO collaboration et al.)

Predicted light-curve after 30 days is dominated by 60-d SF isotope ^{254}Cf

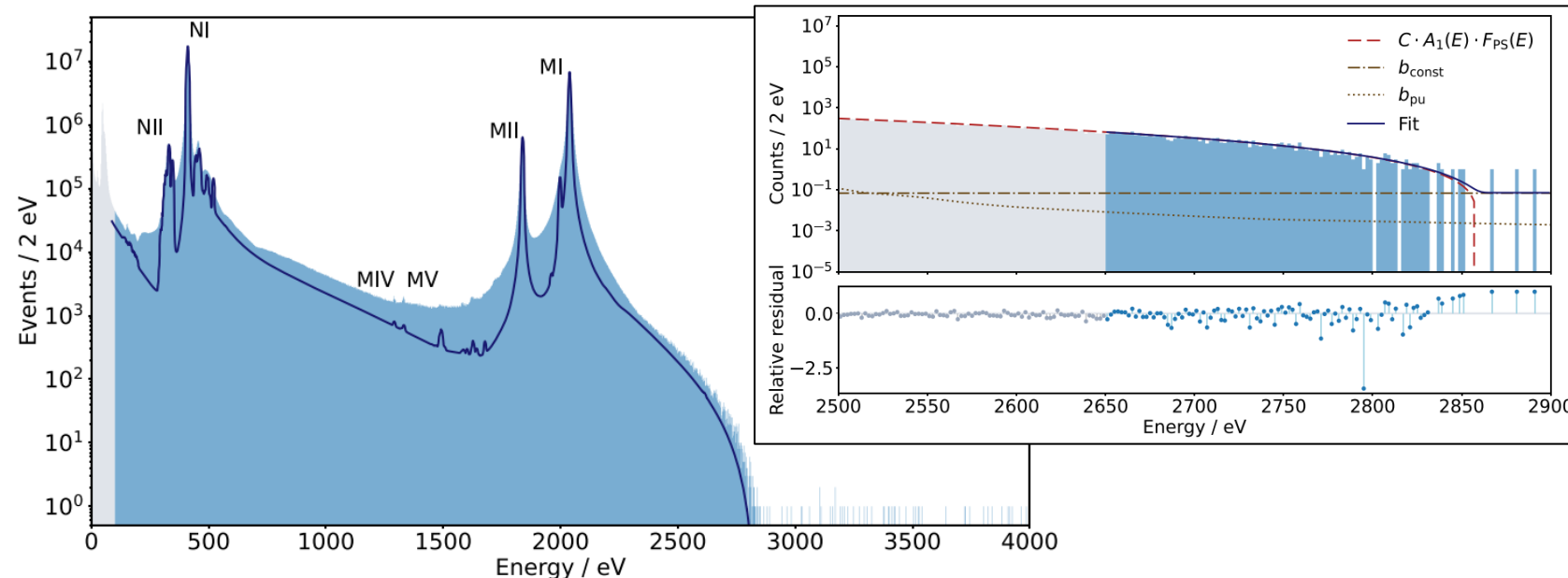


→ production of $4 \cdot 10^7$ atoms of ^{254}Cf from ^{252}Cf -impurity in ORNL's ^{254}Es sample

Measurement of two atomic transitions; calculation of Cf I emission spectrum



180 x 180 μm^2 microcalorimeters



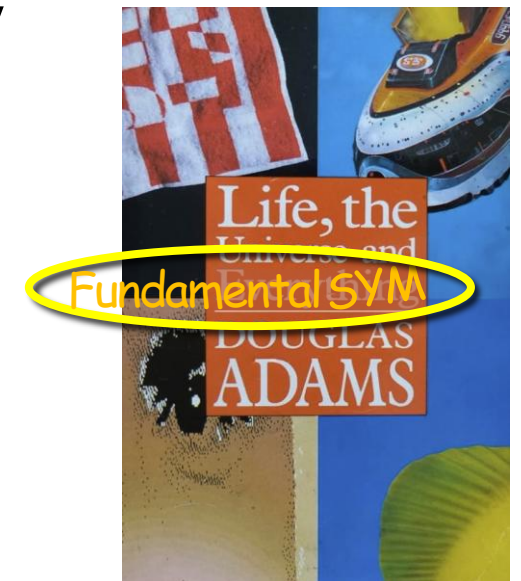
$$m(\nu_e) < 15 \text{ eV}/c^2 \text{ (90\% c.l.)}$$

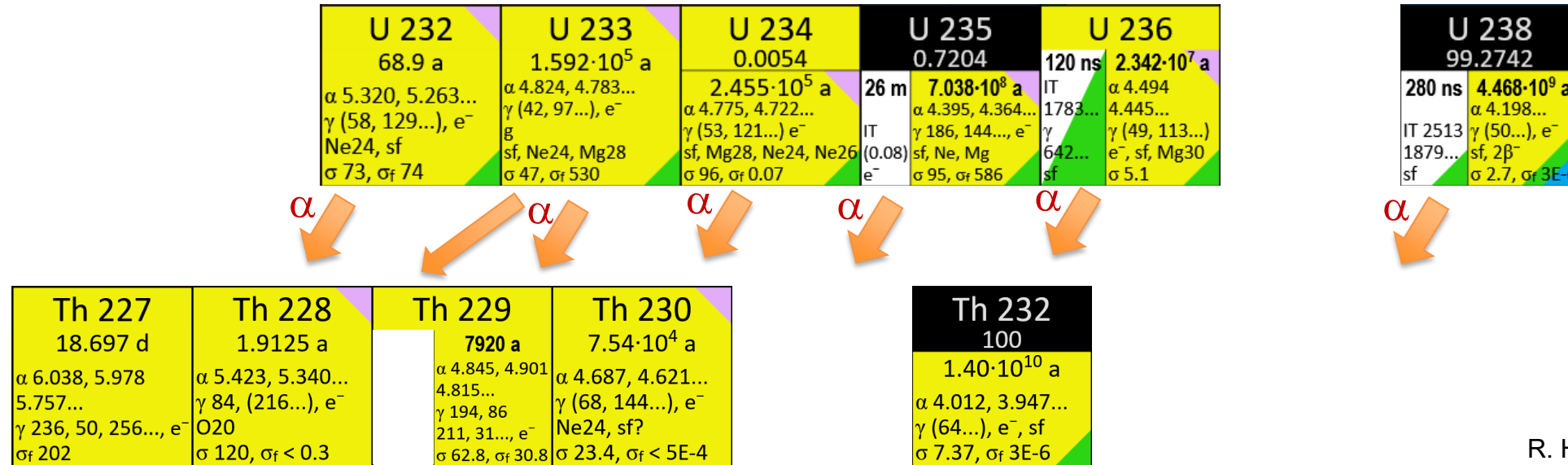
F. Adam *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. 136 (2026) 121801

<https://press.uni-mainz.de/hunting-for-the-neutrino-mass-with-cool-detectors/>

cf. Talk by Justin Griswold

- The (Oak Ridge &) Mainz (& ILL Grenoble) actinide program
- Application 1: Superheavy element research at GSI based on ORNL actinides
- Application 2: Laser++ experiments for nuclear and atomic physics and trace analytics
- Application 3: Samples for the fundamental symmetry community
- Summary





R. Haas *et al.*, Hyp. Int. 241 (2020) 241

- $^{228}, ^{229g}, ^{230}, ^{232}\text{Th}$ are available as long-lived macroscopic samples; ^{227}Th via dedicated effort
- Alpha-decays of long-lived U isotopes populate a long Th isotopic chain, including ^{229m}Th
- Nuclear decay leads ions to recoil from sample with 70-100 keV kinetic energy
- For trapping, slowed-down ions are required

Our 1.6 mg ^{229}Th comes from a 2017 chemical separation from 9.0 g legacy ^{233}U certified 08/27/1965 (*)

(*) cf. backup slides

- Most actinide isotopes are not available in metallic form → ablation of salt-targets
- Adding foreign elements as a component of the salt
- Optimize species and charge state by laser spot size / laser beam power
- Analysis of produced species via ToF-MS

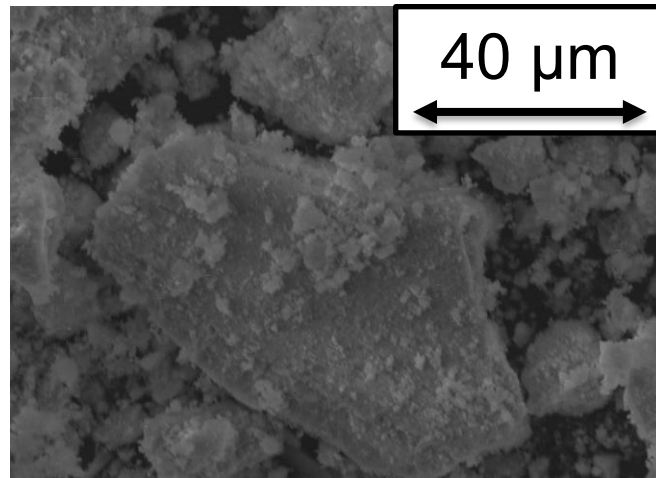
J. Stricker,
Master's thesis
University of Mainz (2023)

J. Stricker *et al.*,
Phys. Rev. A 112 (2025) 012821

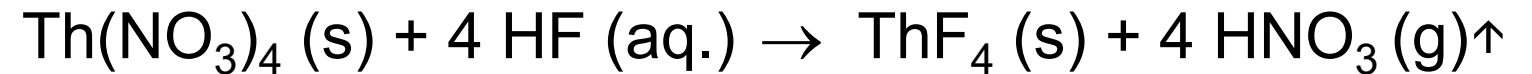


J. Stricker





- Synthesis of ²³²ThF₄ in microgram scale:
- Reaction of 10 μg Th(NO₃)₄ with hydrofluoric acid:

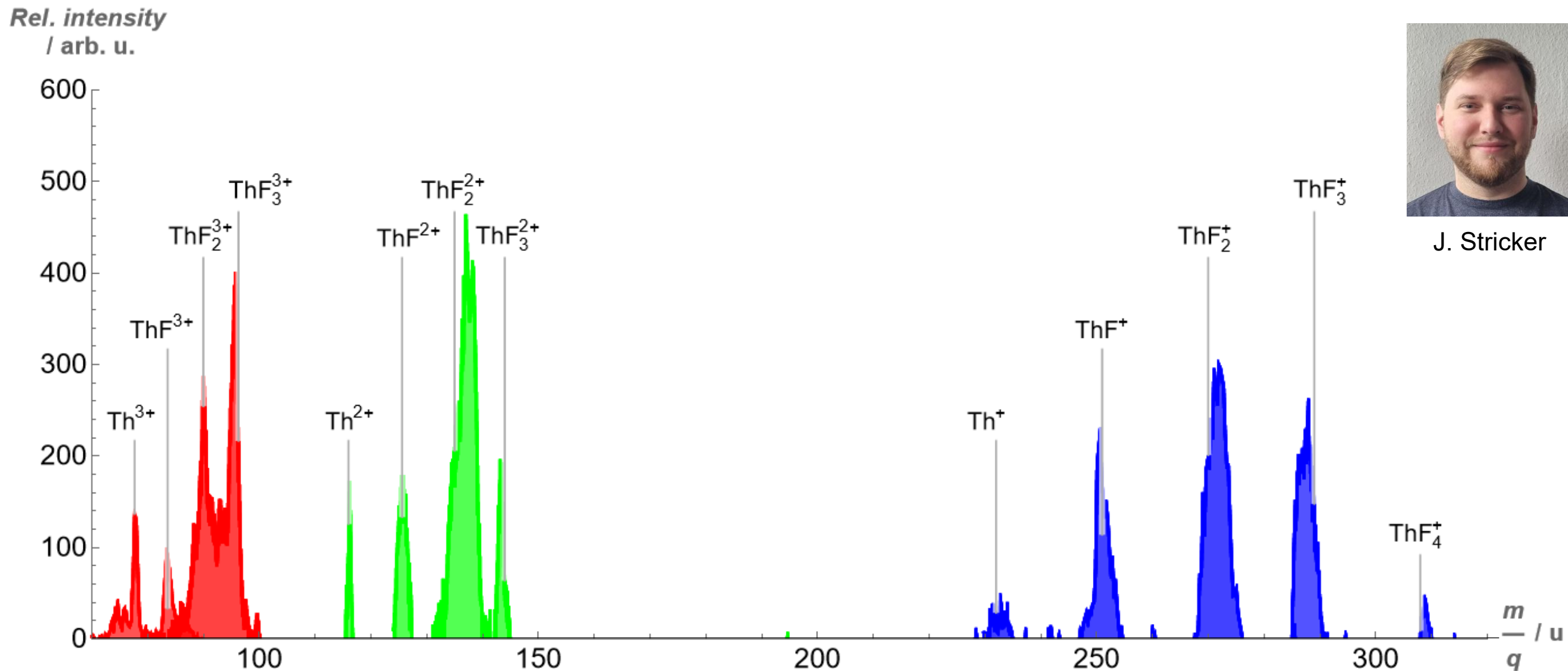


- Direct synthesis on target holder
 - Thorium fluoride is inert
 - Reduce loss of product
- Quantitative reaction and oxygen free product
Analyzed by:
 - scanning electron microscopy
 - energy dispersive X-ray spectroscopy
 - X-ray diffraction (by O. Walter @ JRC Karlsruhe)

Synthesis of a 10 μg $^{232}\text{ThF}_4$ ablation target



J. Stricker

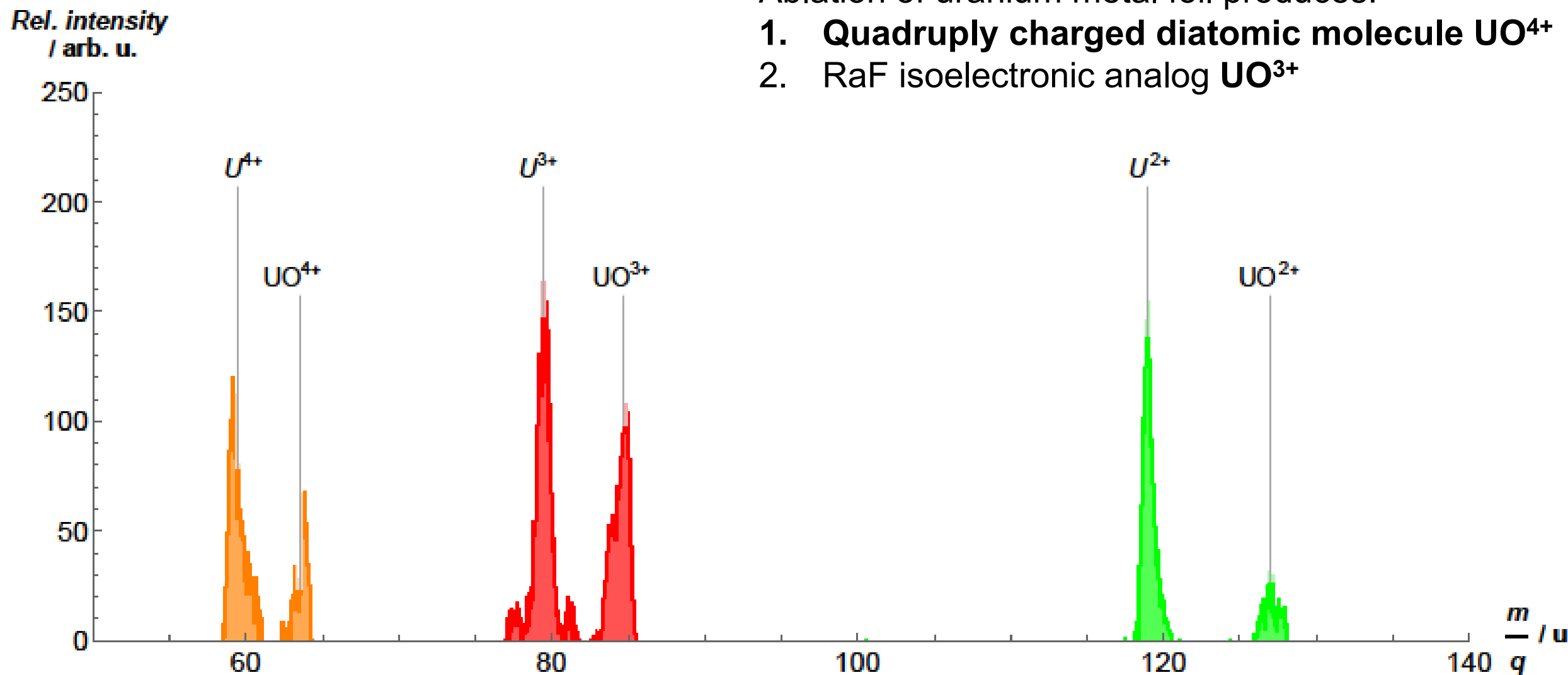


Relative abundance of species depends on laser power

J. Stricker *et al.*, Phys. Rev. A 112 (2025) 012821

Ablation of uranium metal foil produces:

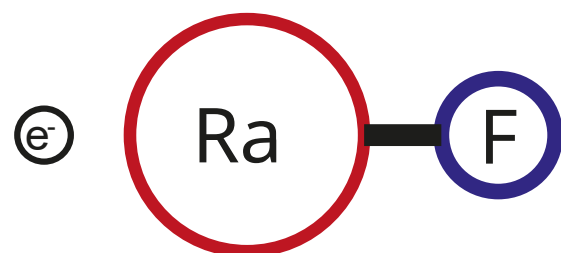
1. **Quadruply charged diatomic molecule UO^{4+}**
2. **RaF isoelectronic analog UO^{3+}**



J. Stricker *et al.*, submitted (2025), <https://arxiv.org/abs/2512.14924>

$[\text{RaF}]^0$:

- One unpaired electron
→ Enhanced polarity in molecule
→ Better chances to detect CP-violations



Beyond
Standard
Model

RaF

1+

AcF

2+

ThF

3+

PaF

4+

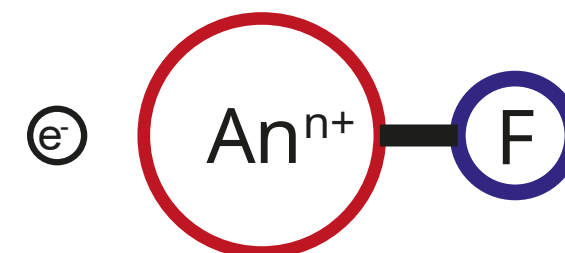
UF

5+

NpF

6+

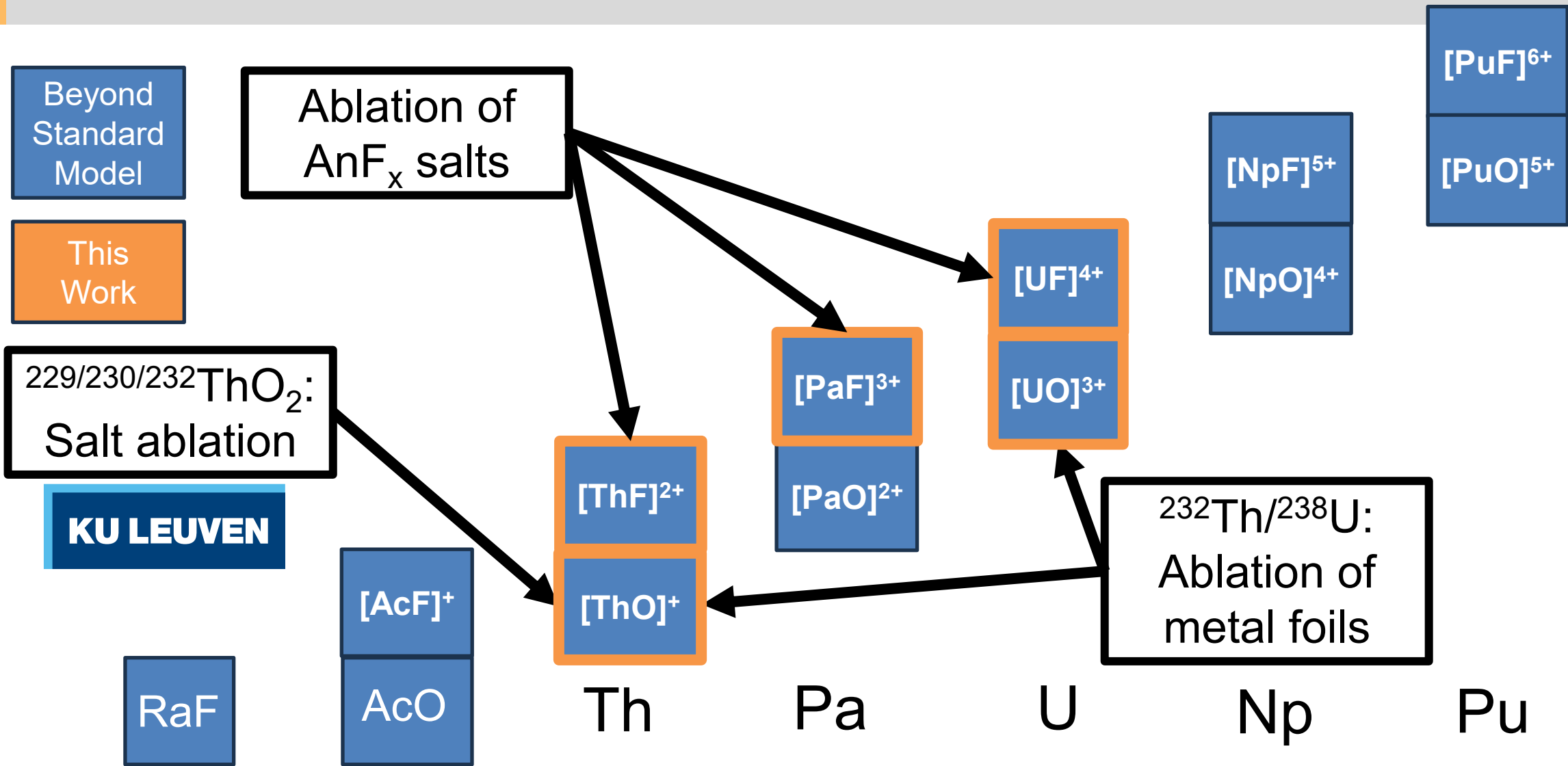
PuF



$[\text{AnF}]^{n+}$:

- Isoelectronic to $[\text{RaF}]^0$
- Trappable inside ion traps
- Variety of isotopes available
- Deformed nuclei ideal to study nuclear structure

Overview molecular actinides for BSM



Slide courtesy Jonas Stricker

J. Stricker *et al.*, Phys. Rev. A 113 (2025) 012821
S. B. Diewald, B.Sc. thesis (2025), JGU Mainz.

P. Fischer *et al.*, Eur. Phys. J. D (2025) 79 :30
J. Stricker *et al.*, <https://arxiv.org/abs/2512.14924>

Th ablation targets

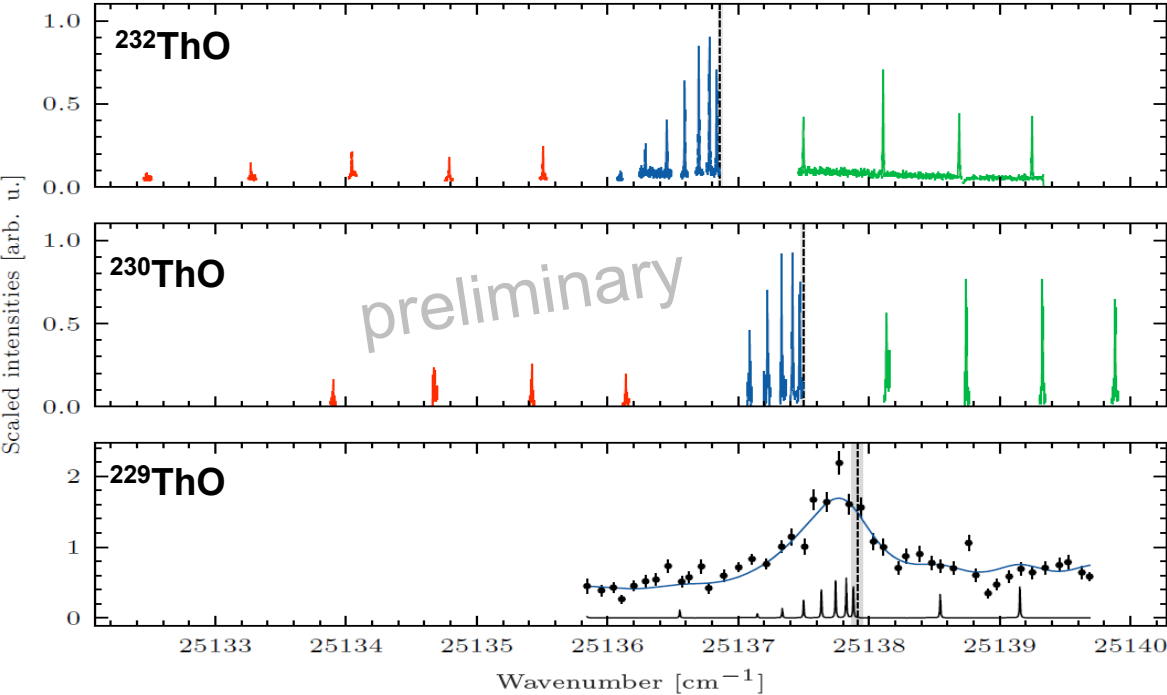


Isotopes	Mass (mg)	A (kBq)	Dia. (cm)	Thickness (μm)
Th-230, 232	1.95	20	2.5	1.8 ± 0.4
Th-230, 232	1.32	19	2.5	2.0 ± 0.4
Th-229, 232	0.67	20	1.0	8.56±12
Th-229, 232	2.67	11	1.0	14.07±18
Th-229, 232	0.34	5	1.0	18.53±21



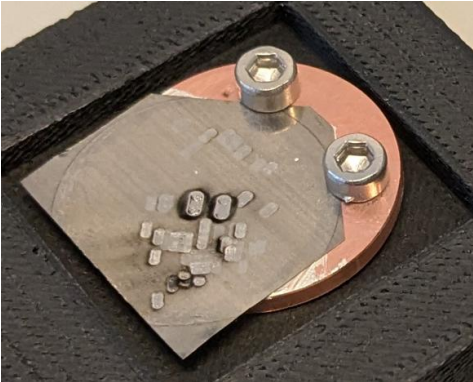
Targets by L. Arndt
(Student assistant @ JGU)

IGLIS on U–X transition ^{232}ThO vs ^{230}ThO vs ^{229}ThO



• Two transitions (U-X and B' -X) studied in broad- and narrowband

• Full studies done with a fraction of one 20 kBq (10^{16} atoms) target →



Slide courtesy R. Ferrer and A. Claessens
Cf. talk by Shane Wilkins

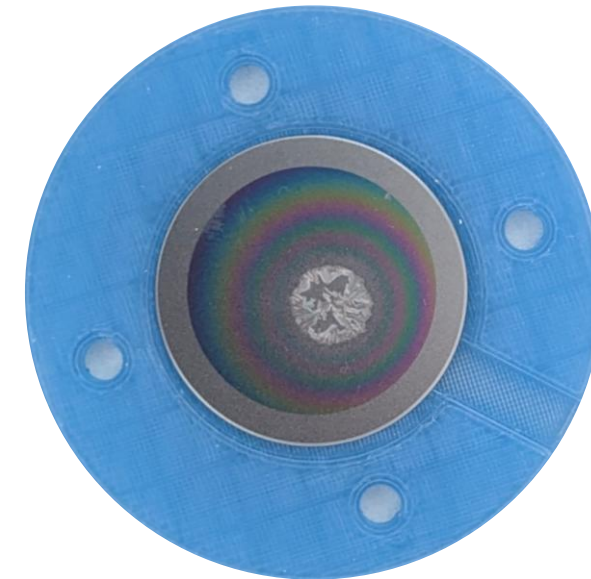
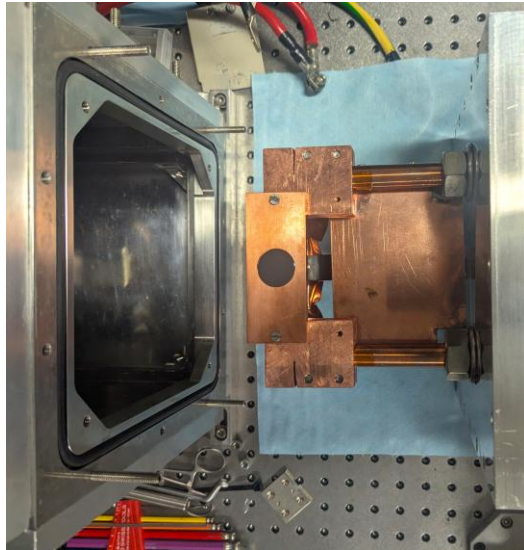
1. VUV beamtime at
CERN ISOLDE



2. Cooperation
with TU Vienna:
Preparation of
 ThF_4 powder



3. Thin layers for
University of Vienna



KU LEUVEN



Targets by S.B. Diewald
(Student assistant @ JGU)

The Stricker target mail-order business



🙏 #3: 1 mg ^{229}Th for fundamental physics

(locations are approximate)

- The (Oak Ridge &) Mainz (& ILL Grenoble) actinide program
- Application 1: Superheavy element research at GSI based on ORNL actinides
- Application 2: Laser++ experiments for nuclear and atomic physics and trace analytics
- Application 3: Samples for the fundamental symmetry community
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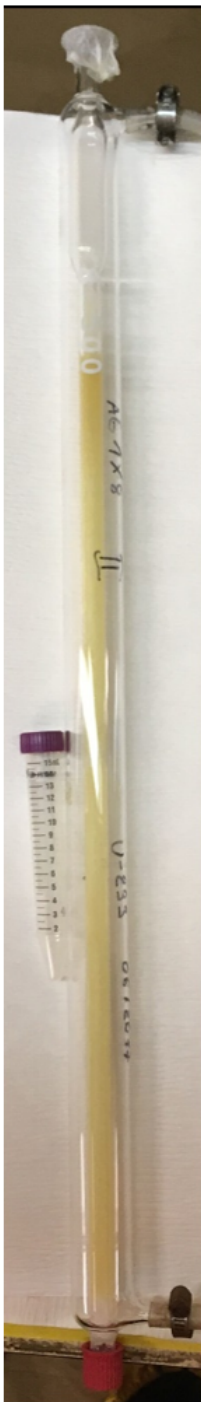
#1: 100 mg ^{248}Cm for $_{116}\text{Lv}$ chem.++

#2: 1 μg ^{254}Es for biomed++ research

#3: 1 mg ^{229}Th for fundamental physics

Thank you for the opportunity to be a part of this workshop!

Backup



^{229}Th at Institute of Nuclear Chemistry in Mainz

Our isotope inventory includes:

9.0 g ^{233}U , certified 27. Aug. 1965.

Isotopic composition

232	233	234	235	236	238
10.8 ppm	87.87%	0.83%	0.09%	<0.03%	11.21%

Chemical separation of in-grown (>50 yrs) ^{229}Th in June 2017

Dissolve U in ~100 ml 8 M HCl, make four ~25 ml batches

Anion exchange chromatography (resin AG 1X8)

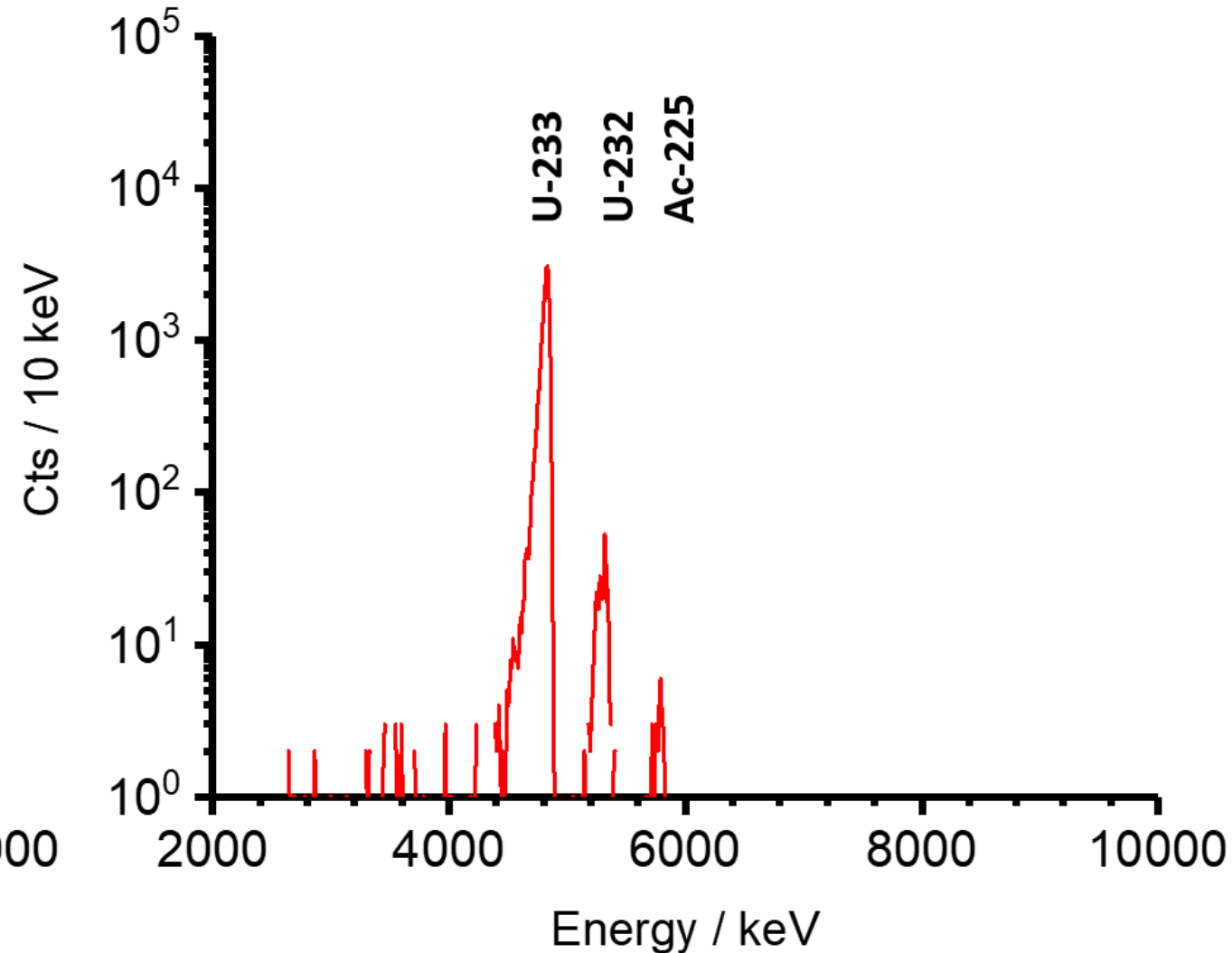
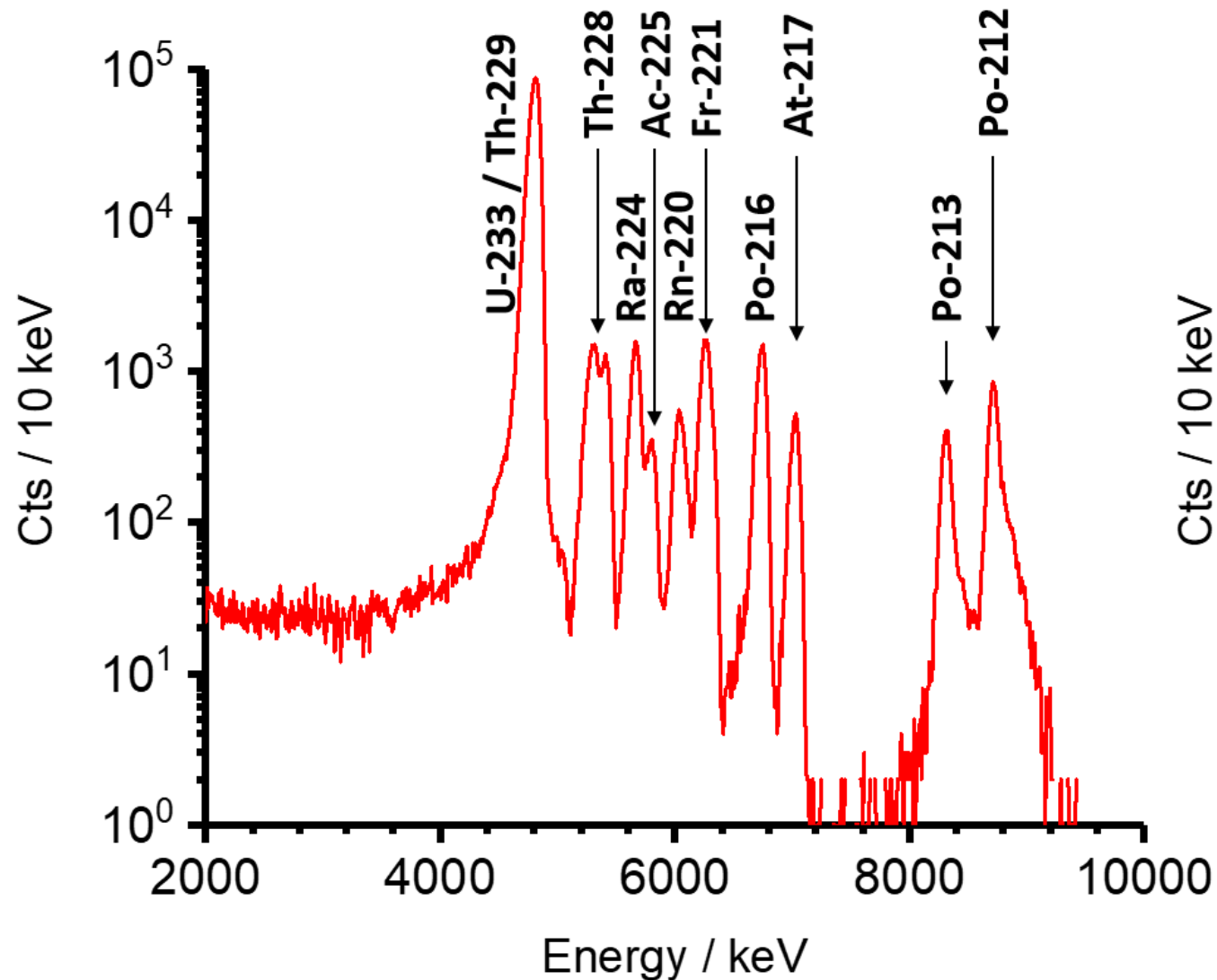
Column length: 500 mm

Column diameter: 8 mm

^{233}U α spectra before and after chemical purification

Before separation

After separation

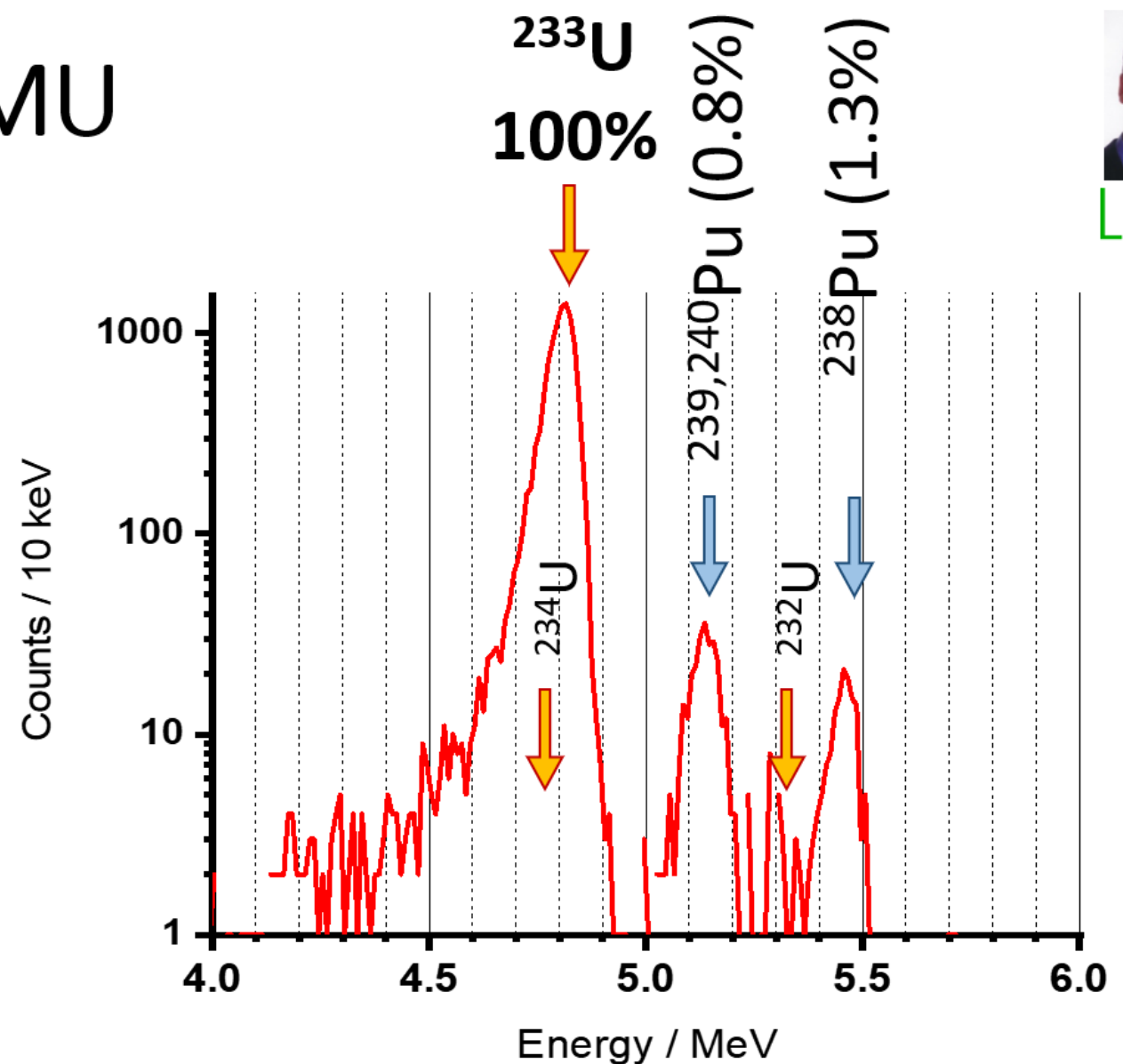


^{233}U recoil sources for LMU

**Chemical purification:
removal of in-grown daughters**

- 1) Dissolution of U in 8 M HCl
- 2) Anion exchange chromatography (resin AG1X8)
 - U remains on column
 - Th and daughters are eluted
- 3) Elution of Uranium with 0.5 M HCl

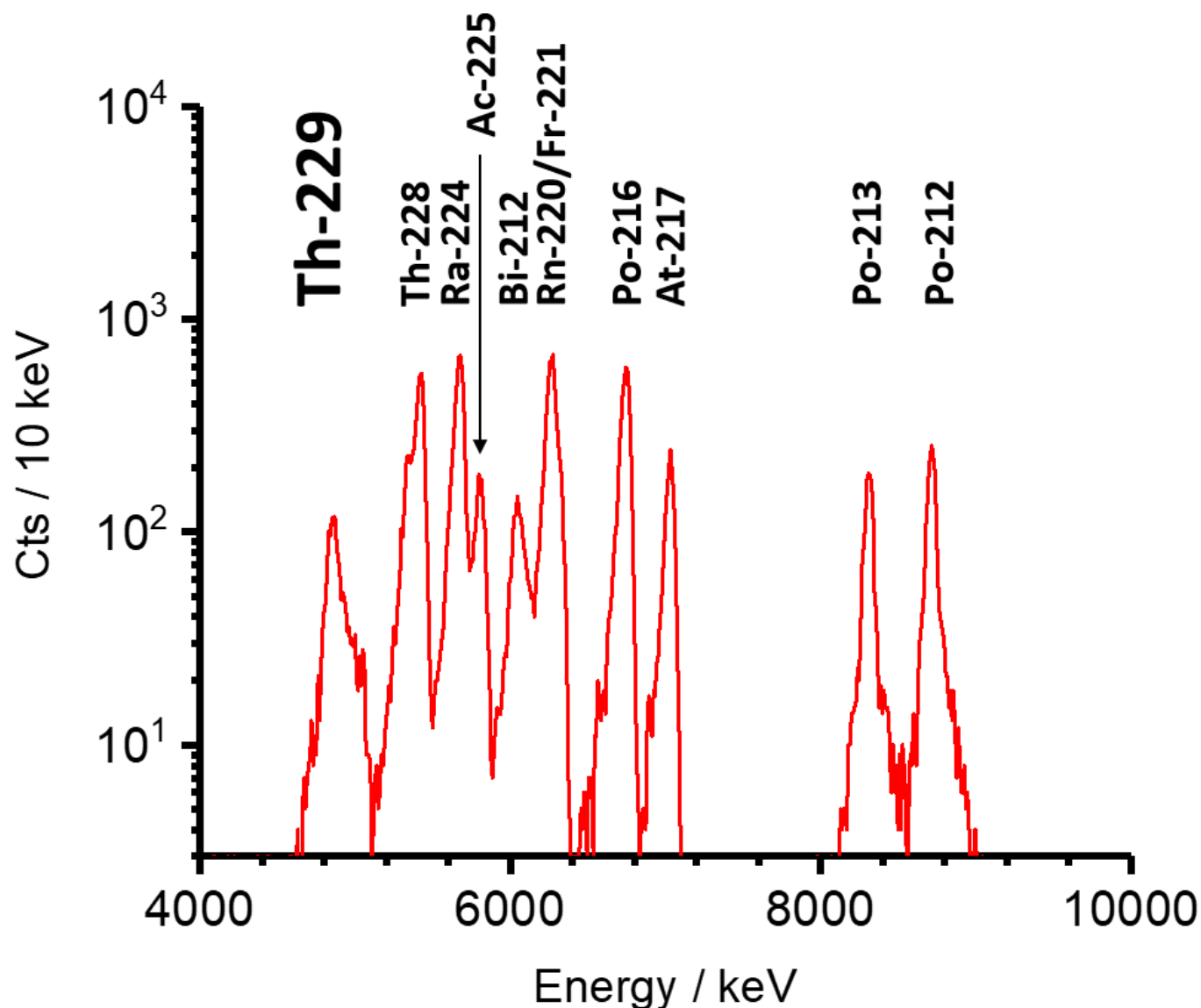
Relative purification factor: >250
(γ spectra before/after purification)



Atom content from α and γ spectrometry
U-233: ≈ 1 U-232: $6 \cdot 10^{-7}$ U-234: $2 \cdot 10^{-2}$
Pu-238: $4 \cdot 10^{-6}$ Pu-239: $2 \cdot 10^{-3}$



^{229}Th eluate α spectrum



Full sample (currently w/ daughters):

^{229}Th : 12.22 MBq (1.67 mg)

(amount confirmed via ^{217}At daughter in secular equilibrium: 11.97 MBq)

^{228}Th : 38.4 MBq (1.27 μg)

(amount confirmed via ^{224}Ra daughter in secular equilibrium: 38.0 MBq)

Content in atom numbers:

^{229}Th : 0.99924

^{228}Th : 0.00076

Available for **nu**lock