

Agenda of January 5, 2026, zoom meeting at 1:30 PM EST

1. Progress with 2021/2024 paper (Cary, Yuri)
2. ESS NNBAR/HIBEAM meeting January 20-21 (Leah, Andy, John) ?
3. UT Mu-metal prototype testing status (Yuri)
4. Magnetic field map (not yet quite ready – Yuri/Evan)
5. What will we do with n TMM 2025 data? plan
6. Two magnets back at UT in February (Lisa)
7. Do we need pool on the new nn' ORNL zoom meeting time for Spring 2026?
8. In the Spring'26 we'll have UT group meetings on Fridays at 4:00 pm
9. Expected visit of Linus Persson to UT/ORNL in ~ October 2026
- 10.AOB

1. Progress with 2021/2024 paper

- Chris made some editing
- I assume that Leah is working on editing (?)
- Fig 8 and Fig 9 are final (add more in captions)
- Problem in Cary's simulations for $|\Delta m|$ range 0.06 – 10 neV
- Nathan is calculating butterfly map in this $|\Delta m|$ region by different way using S.E. solution for non-Hermitian Hamiltonian: <https://www.mdpi.com/2073-8994/14/2/230>
He will present his calculation at the next meeting January 12
- Data 2021 practically are not contributing. How should we justify the discussion of these in the paper?
- Suggestion to replace in Fig 11 coordinates from $(\tau, \Delta m)$ to $(\epsilon, \Delta m)$

2024 results

B-Field (T)	Counts, h^{-1}	Signal ($\times 10^{-12}$)	95% CL
2.40	-9 ± 21	-6.34 ± 14.7	2.28×10^{-11}
3.60	13 ± 20	9.1 ± 14.0	3.65×10^{-11}
4.80	-3 ± 20	-2.1 ± 14.0	2.55×10^{-11}
All fields	0.63 ± 12	0.42 ± 8.4	1.69×10^{-11}

TABLE I. Limits on the $n \rightarrow n' \rightarrow n$ regeneration probability per neutron at 95% CL [23] with Cd absorber for different values of magnetic field settings. Data of 2024 run.

2021 results

B-Field (T)	Counts, h^{-1}	Signal ($\times 10^{-12}$)	95% CL
2.50	-10.6 ± 35.0	-4.90 ± 16.1	2.67×10^{-11}
5.00	52.2 ± 38.8	23.9 ± 17.9	5.88×10^{-11}
All fields	17.5 ± 26.0	8.0 ± 12.0	3.13×10^{-11}

TABLE II. Limit on the $n \rightarrow n' \rightarrow n$ regeneration probability per neutron at 95% CL with Cd absorber for different values of magnetic field settings. Data of the 2021 run.

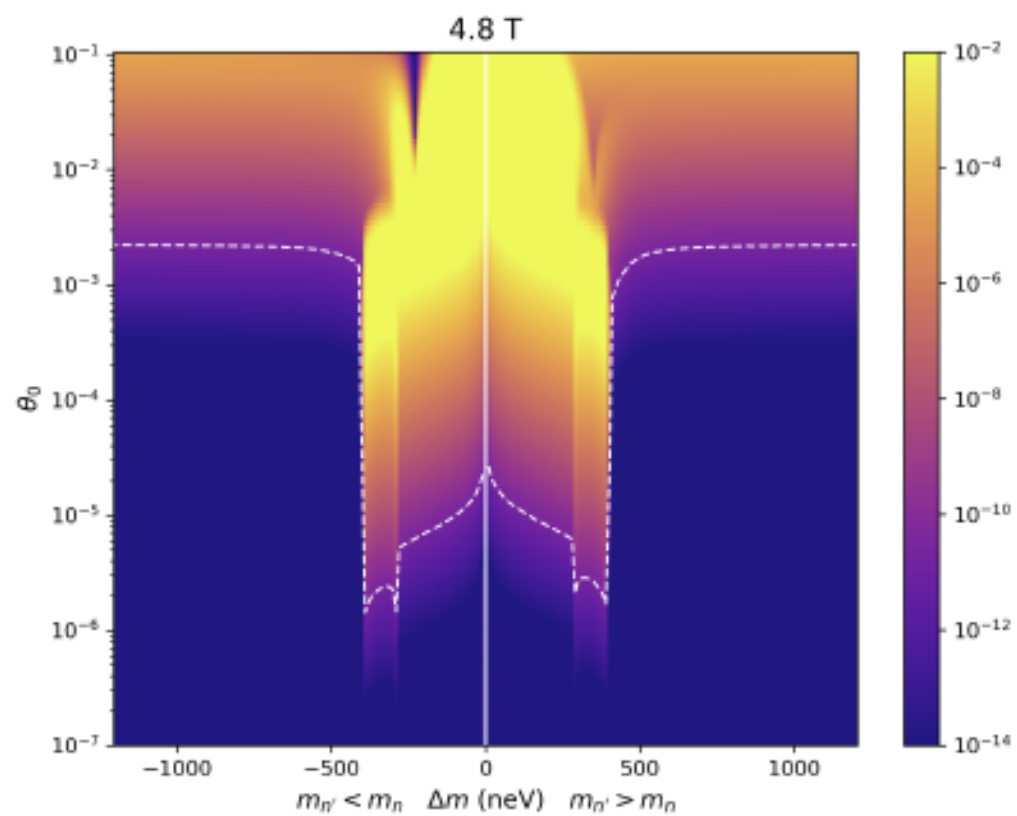


FIG. 8. Butterfly plot for 4.8 T field in 2024 (color online).

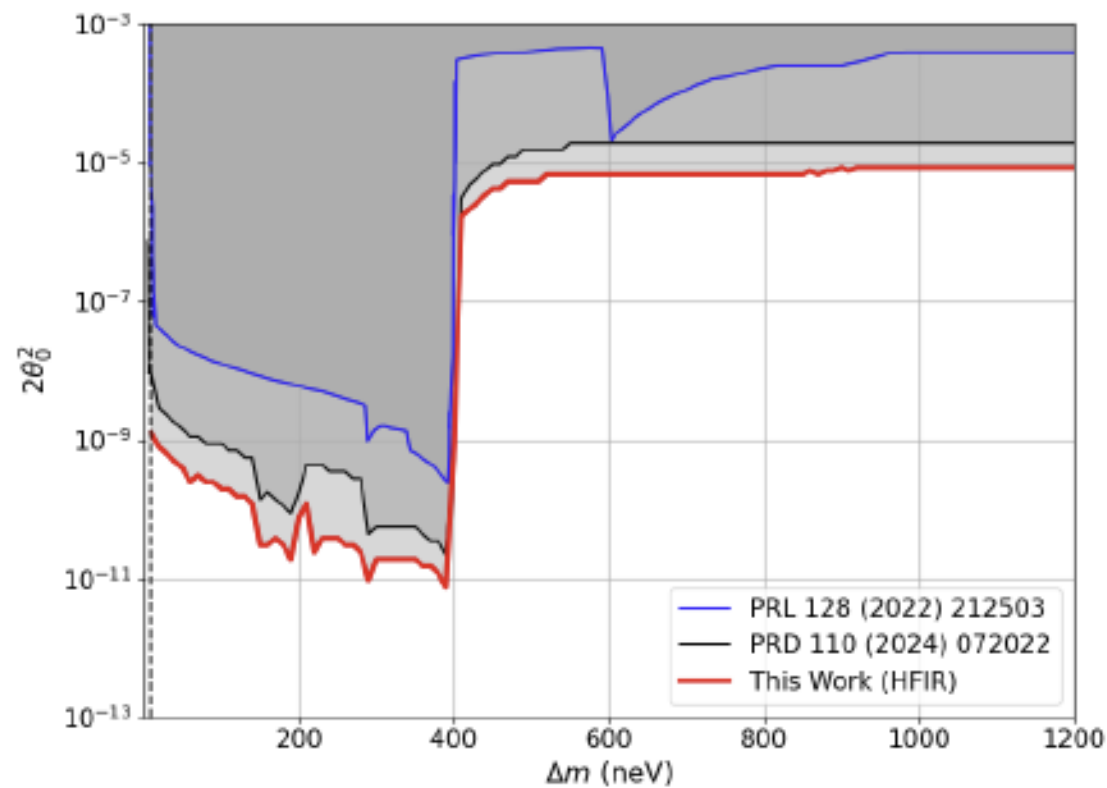


FIG. 9. Comparison of sensitivity of 2 SNS and current HFIR experiments (color online).

Our region 0.06 – 10 neV is missing

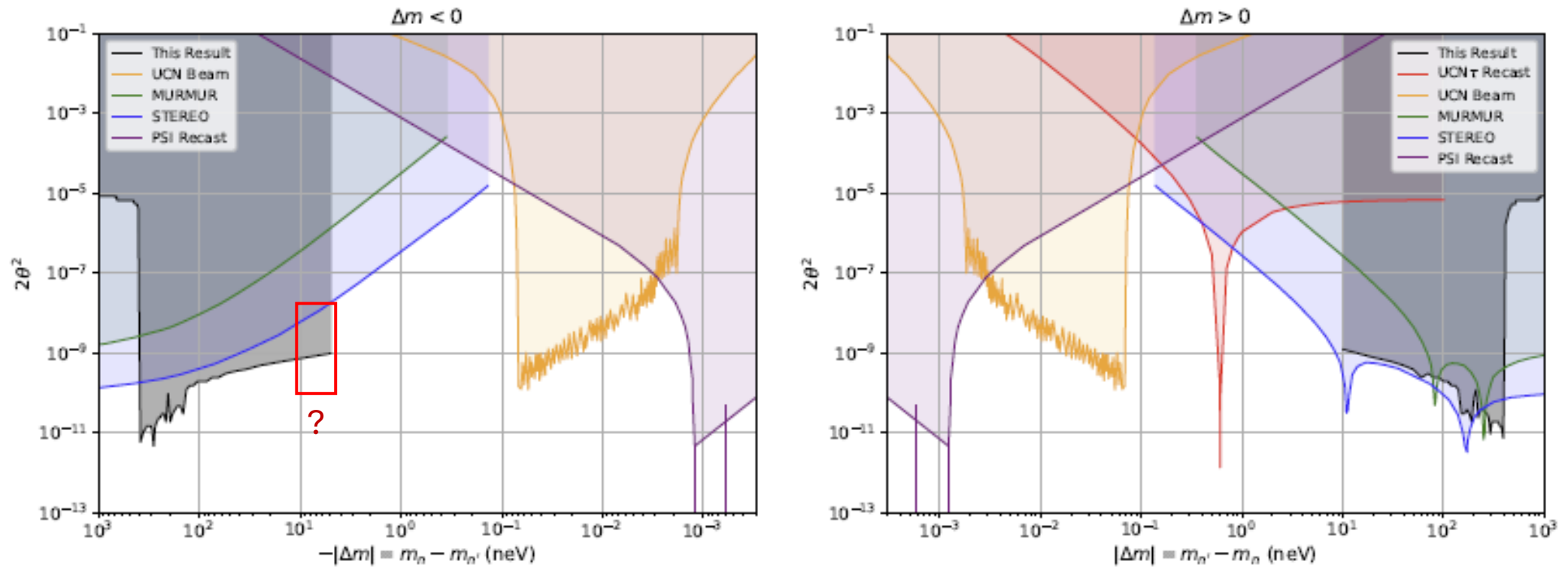


FIG. 10. Preliminary $2\theta^2$ comparison.

Our HFIR data
of 2024
in the new paper

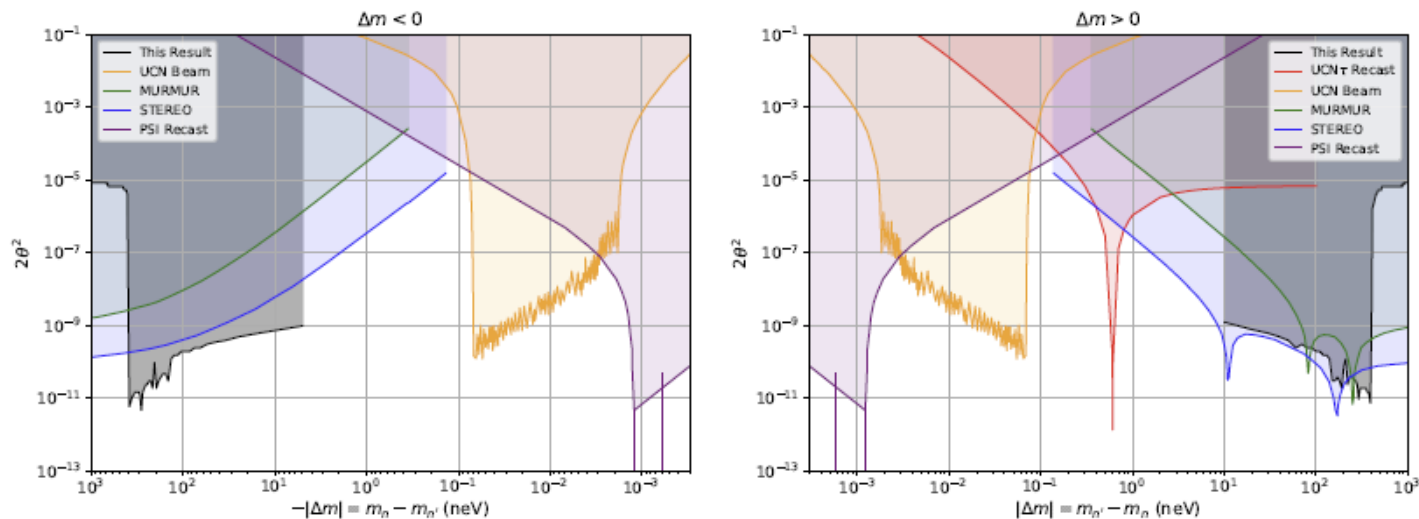
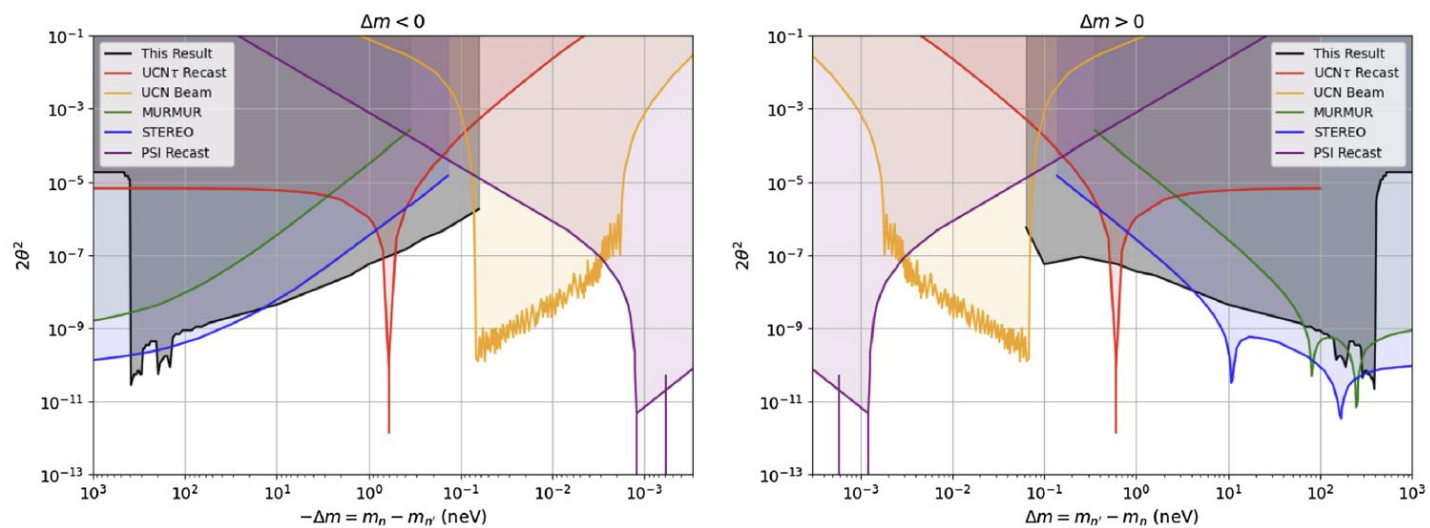


FIG. 10. Preliminary $2\theta^2$ comparison.

Our SNS data
in PRD 2024



Our region 0.06 – 10 neV is missing

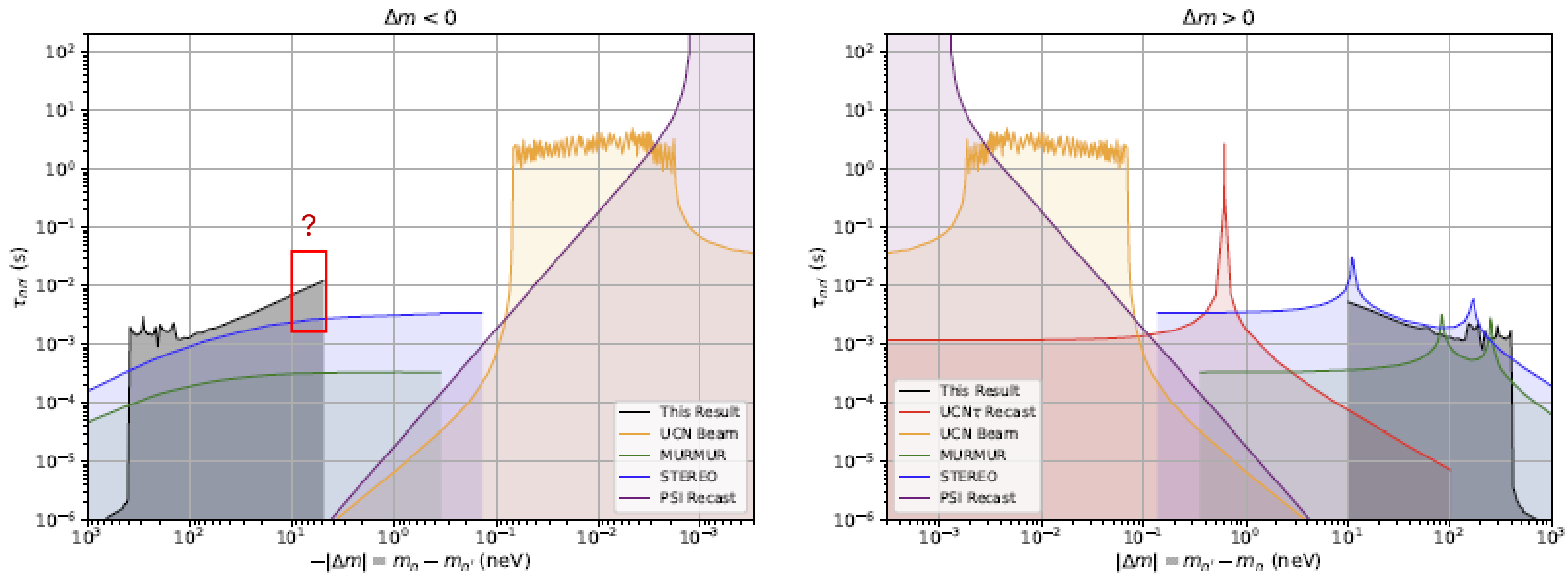


FIG. 11. Preliminary τ comparison.

3. UT Mu-metal prototype testing status (Yuri)

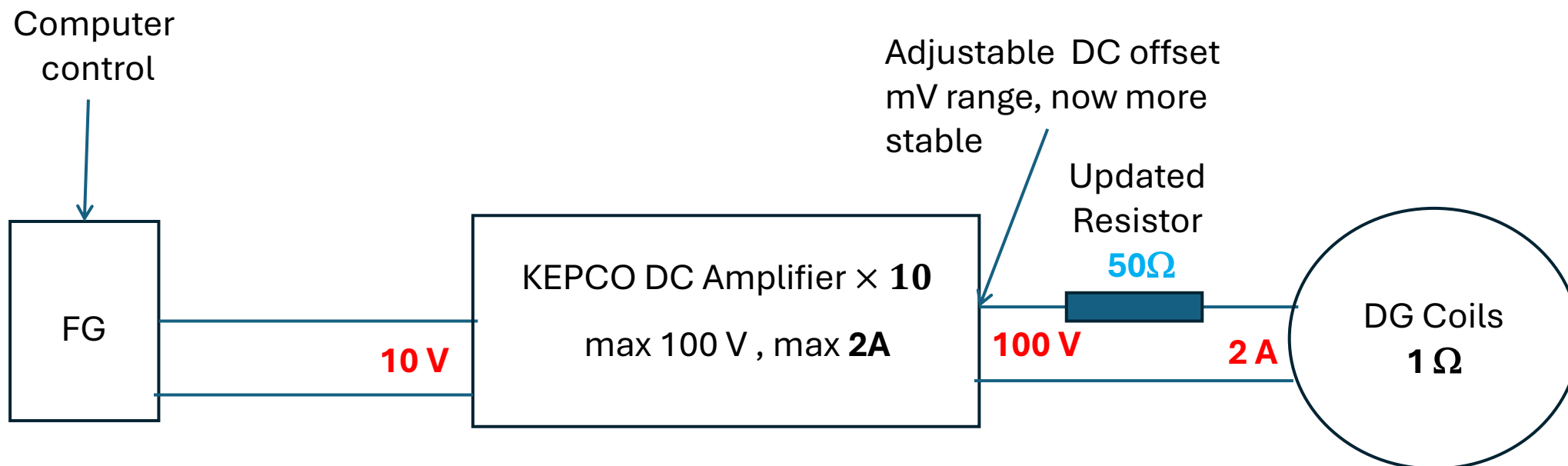
Short repeat of UT group zoom meeting • December 15-2025 • YK & SV

Update -2 on μ -prototype at UT
with improved degaussing procedure

+ Comprehensive degaussing procedure for μ -metal (now called FULL) includes
(only for degaussing circuit on mu-metal; main coil degaussing is a separate procedure)

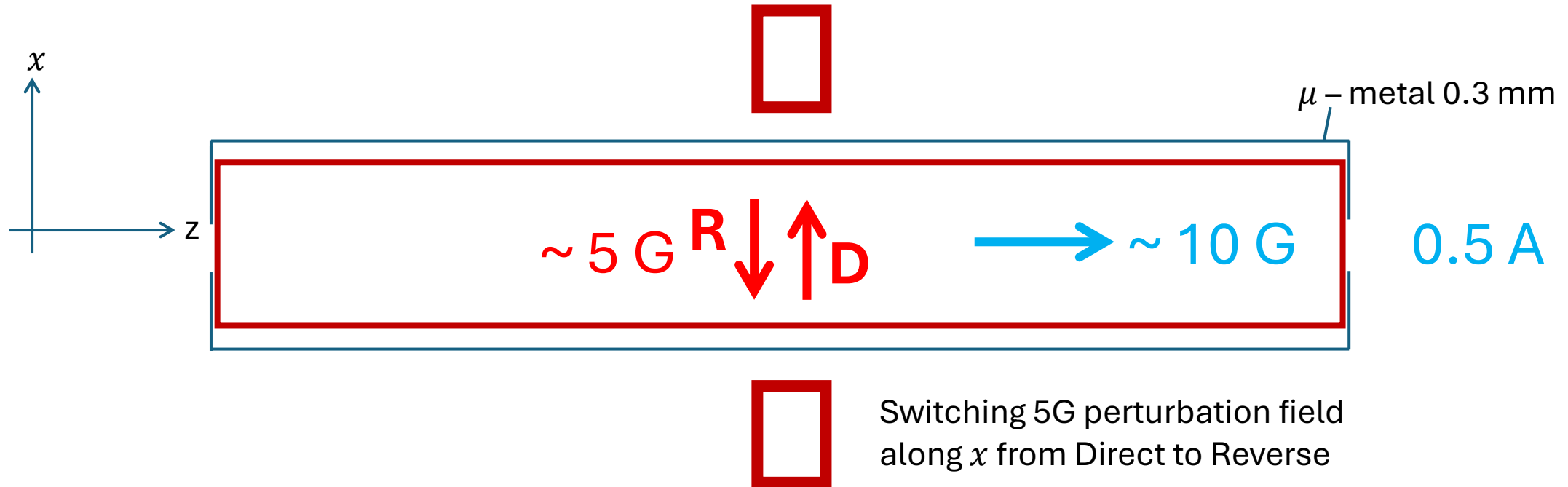
1. 50Ω in degaussing circuit \rightarrow 100 V sine amplitude, 2 A max peak from KEPCO amplifier
2. Keep KEPCO pre-warmed with DC offset with full load $< 1 \text{ mV}$
3. Function generator: $V=10\text{V}$, 1 Hz, 1200 cycles (amplitude does from 100 V \rightarrow 0.58 mV)
4. After degaussing KEPCO amplifier disconnected from DG circuit
5. At Main Coil current +0.5A (B_z of solenoid $\approx 10\text{G}$)
6. Perturbation signal at reproducible distance, with current +3.0 A is $B_{\perp} \cong 5 \text{ G}$
7. Magnetometer removed from the magnet during degaussing and turned off

Scheme of degaussing DG



Function generator
1Hz, 1200 sine waves,
reduction factor 0.99,
max 10 V

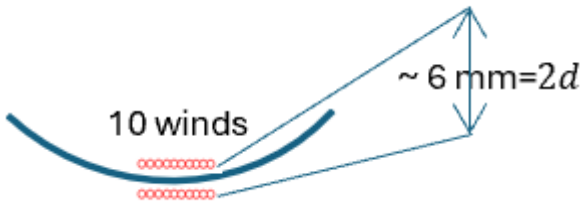
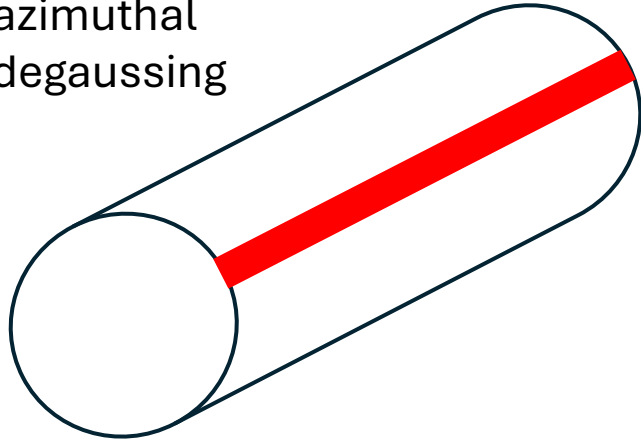
3 degaussing circuits (cylinder and endcaps) serially connected with total resistance $\sim 1 \Omega$



Degaussing after coil current ($0.5 \text{ A} \rightarrow 10 \text{ G}$) and Perturbation ($3 \text{ A} \rightarrow 5 \text{ G}$) are set. Degauss with D-Perturb and measure B_x , change Perturb from D to R and back to D, measure after degaussing. Also, switch on/off main current; change polarity of main current from (+) \rightarrow (-) \rightarrow (+) and degauss. Should see reproducible field reduction after DG.

Degaussing in mu-prototype at UT

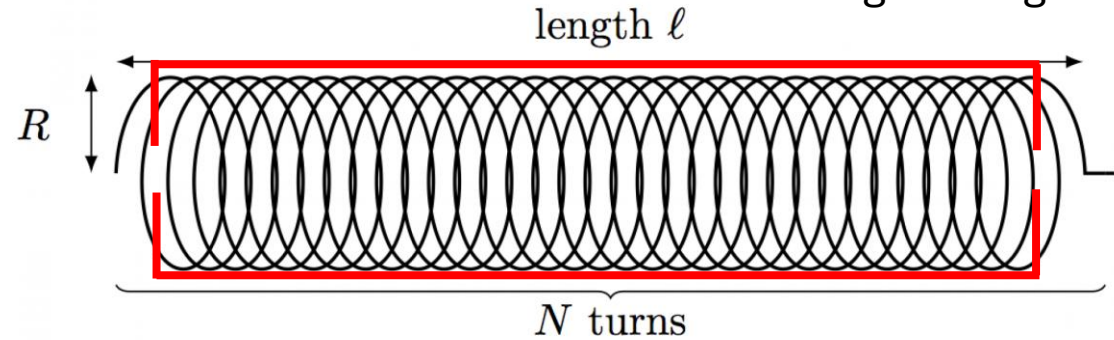
azimuthal
degaussing



$$B = 10 \times \mu_0 \frac{I}{\pi d} = 26.7 \times 10^{-4} T = 26.7 \text{ G} \rightarrow 0.76 \text{ T} = B_\phi$$

$$\text{Max degaussing current} = \frac{100V}{50\Omega} = 2A$$

longitudinal
degaussing



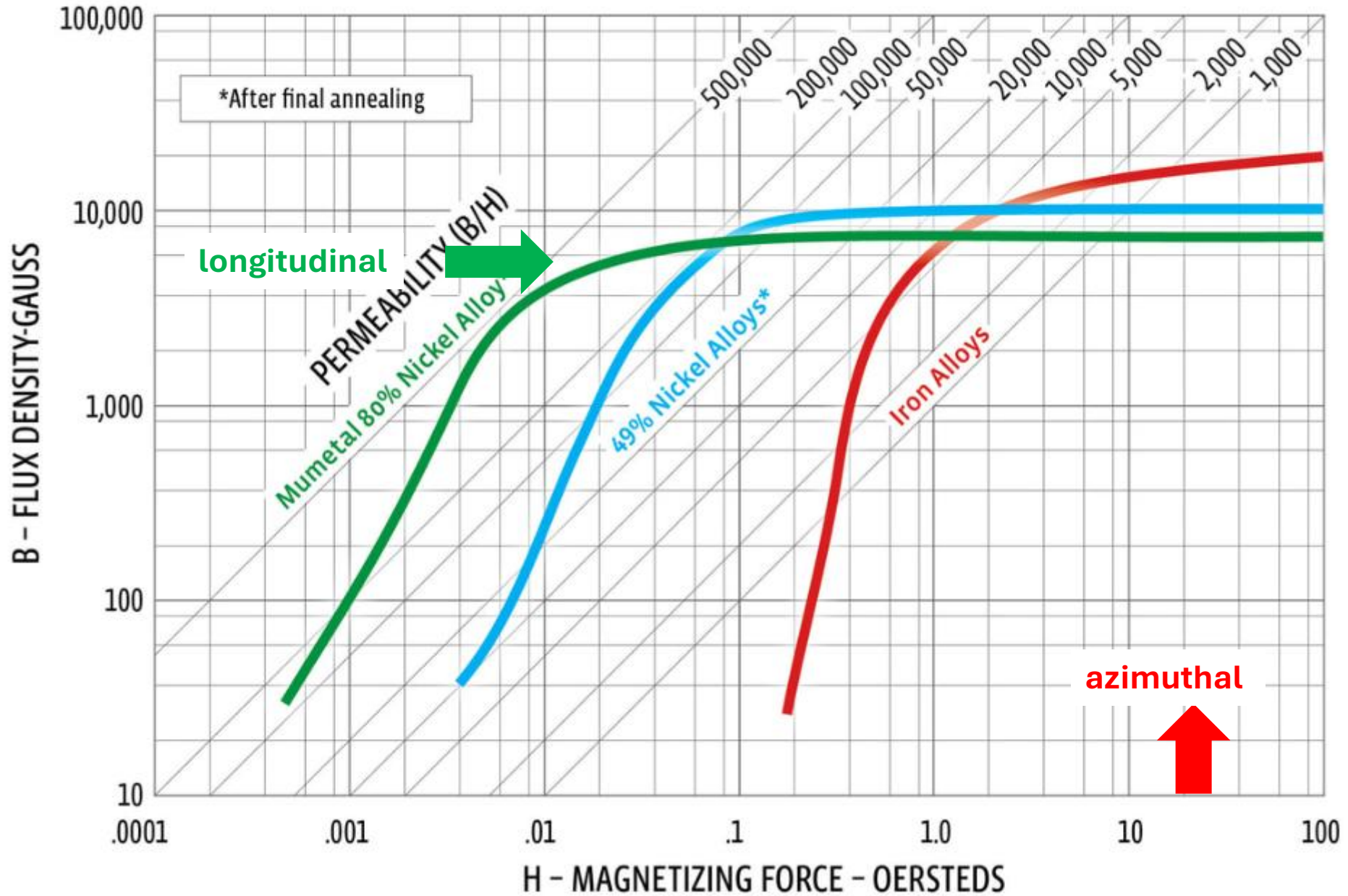
$$R = 6.5''/2 = 82.6 \text{ mm}$$

$$\Phi = B \cdot A = 40G \cdot \pi \cdot (82.6)^2 \cong$$

$$\cong B_\mu \cdot 2\pi \cdot (82.6) \cdot 0.3$$

$$B_\mu(\text{max}) = 0.55 \text{ T} = B_z$$

D.C. PERMEABILITY



Some conclusions

1. Comprehensive DG procedure with 50Ω is useful
2. Reproducibility of B_x measurement after DG is $\pm 2.5 \mu\text{T}$ for $B_z \cong 10 \text{ G}$
3. suppression factor is reduced with increase of main coil current
4. Reproducibility of the field for $B_z \cong 30 \text{ G}$ is about $\pm 15 \mu\text{T}$
5. Shielding factor at $B_z \cong 30 \text{ G}$ with single $0.3 \text{ mm } \mu$ layer
$$\text{SF} > 474.7/15 = 31.65 \Rightarrow \mu \cong 20,000$$
6. Flipping main coil current as a perturbation affects magnetic memory of μ – metal

Still need to understand in 2026

7. how SF depends on the magnitude of transverse perturbation
8. what is SF with two layers of μ – metal with effect of DG in the first layer
9. Reproducibility of the total field field in variation $8\text{G} \rightarrow 10\text{G} \rightarrow 8\text{G}$
10. Reproducibility of the total field field in variation $24\text{G} \rightarrow 27\text{G} \rightarrow 24\text{G}$
(needed new magnetometer)

