

Efficient tensor contractions for Nuclear Physics with NTCL

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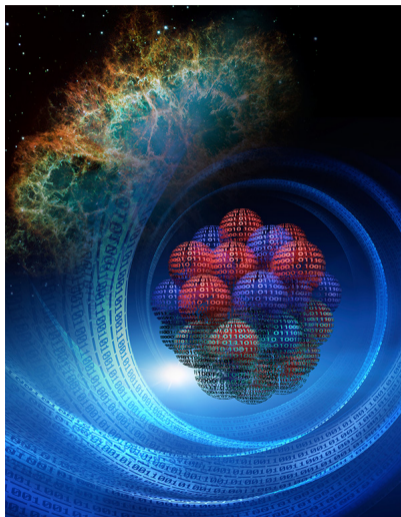
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Tensor contractions in NuCCOR

- ▶ Hartree-Fock
- ▶ Coupled-Cluster
- ▶ Eigenvalue solver
- ▶ Expectation values



Conceptual art by LeJean Hardin and Andy Sproles

The Coupled-Cluster

- ▶ Schrödinger Equation

$$H|\Psi\rangle = E|\Psi\rangle$$

- ▶ Exponential ansatz

$$|\Psi_{CCD}\rangle = e^T|\phi\rangle$$

- ▶ Energy equation

$$E_{CCD} = \langle\phi|e^{-T}He^T|\phi\rangle$$

- ▶ Cluster equations

$$\langle\phi_{i,j,\dots}^{a,b,\dots}|e^{-T}He^T|\phi\rangle = 0$$

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$$\langle \phi_{i,j,\dots}^{a,b,\dots} | e^{-T} H e^T | \phi \rangle = 0$$

Coupled-Clusters Doubles

$$T = \sum_{a>b, i>j} t_{ij}^{ab} c_a^\dagger c_b^\dagger c_i c_j$$

$$\Delta E_{CCD} = \sum_{i>j, a>b} \langle ij|V|ab\rangle t_{ij}^{ab}$$

$$\varepsilon_{ij}^{ab} t_{ij}^{ab} = \langle ab|V|ij\rangle + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{cd} \langle ab|V|cd\rangle t_{ij}^{cd} + \dots$$

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Transition between hardware



Transition between hardware



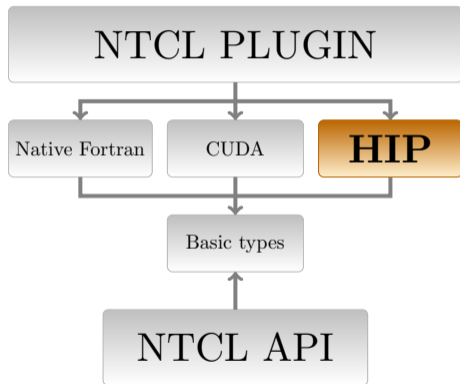
Transition between hardware



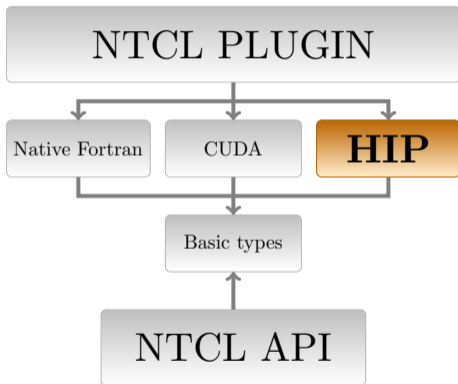
NTCL

- ▶ Written in modern object-oriented Fortran (Fortan 2018)
- ▶ Test-driven development to ensure correctness
- ▶ Hardware-independent frontend
- ▶ Hardware-dependent backend

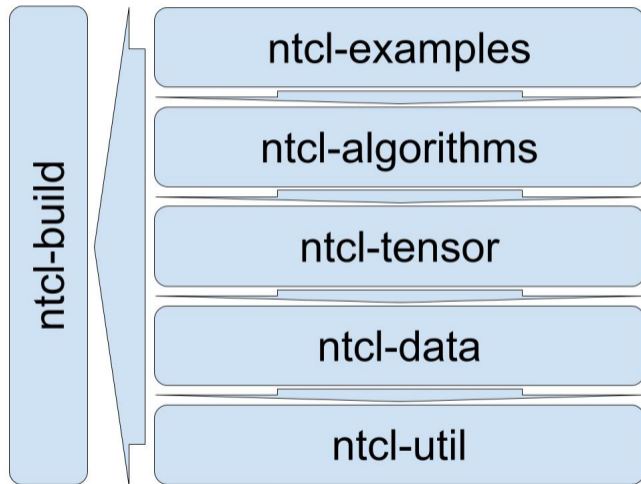
NTCL



NTCL



NTCL



NTCL

- ▶ ntcl-comm: Manages MPI distribution
- ▶ ntcl-manybody: Implements sparse tensors for many-body physics both for J-scheme and M-scheme
- ▶ ntcl-diagrams: Implements sparse tensor contractions relevant for CC

User friendly API

```
1 class(tensor), allocatable :: my_tensor1, my_tensor2, my_tensor3
2 class(tensor_contraction), allocatable :: my_contraction
3 real(real64), dimension(:,:,:,), ... :: fortran_tensor1, ...
4 real(real64), dimension(:,:,:,), pointer :: result_pointer
5 ...
6 call allocate_and_copy_tensor(my_tensor1, fortran_tensor1)
7 ...
8 call tensor_contraction_factory%create(my_contraction, &
9                                         'C(a,b,c,d)=A(a,e,c,f)*B(e,b,f,d)')
10 ...
11 call my_contraction%contract(my_tensor3, my_tensor1, my_tensor2)
12 ...
13 call secure_fortran_pointer_from_tensor(result_pointer, my_tensor3)
14 fortran_tensor3 = result_pointer
15 call release_pointer_from_remote_tensor(result_pointer, my_tensor3)
```

User friendly API

```
1 real(real64), dimension (:, :, :, :), ... :: my_tensor1, &
2                                     my_tensor2, &
3                                     my_tensor3
4 call contract('C(a,b,c,d)=A(a,e,c,f)*B(e,b,f,d)', &
5             my_tensor1, my_tensor2, my_tensor3)
```

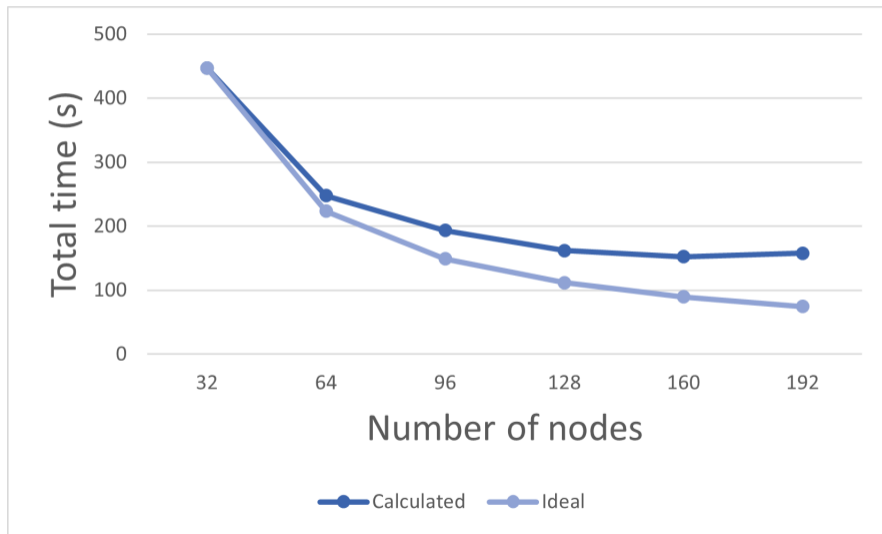
User friendly API

```
1 real(real64), dimension(m,k), ... :: A
2 real(real64), dimension(k,n), ... :: B
3 real(real64), dimension(m,n), ... :: C
4 ...
5 call ntcl_gemm('N', 'N', m, n, k, 1.0D0, A, m, B, k, 0.0D0, C, m)
```

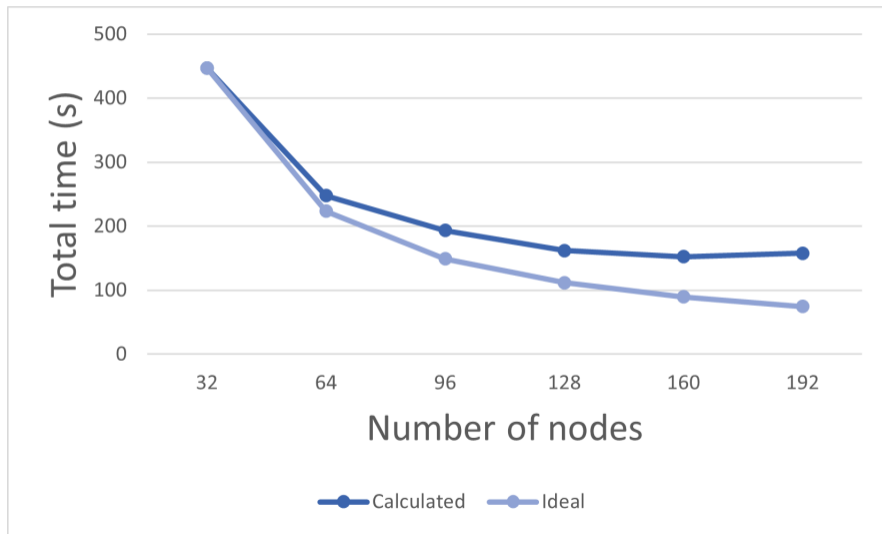
Supported datatypes

- ▶ real32
- ▶ real64
- ▶ complex64
- ▶ complex128

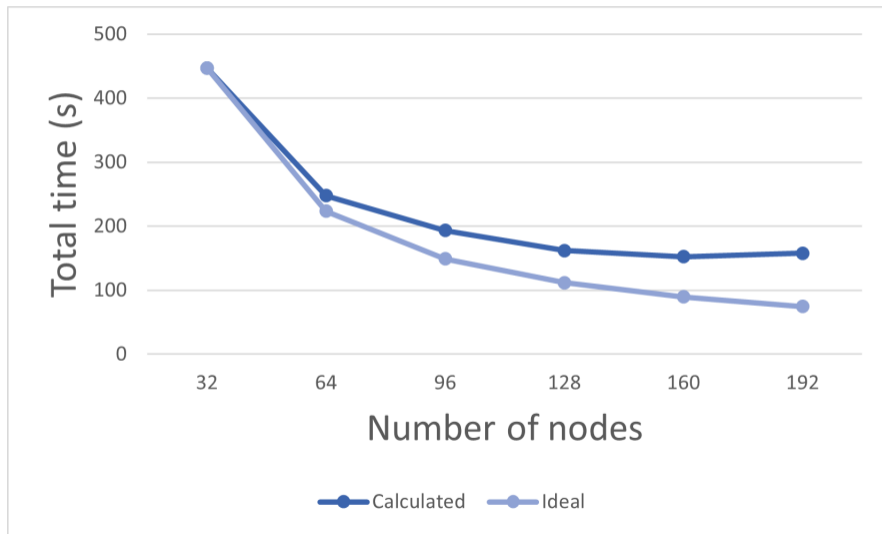
Nuccor on Frontier for ^{48}Ti $N_{\text{max}} = 8$ Strong scaling



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Nuccor on Frontier for ^{48}Ti $N_{\text{max}} = 8$ Strong scaling



Conclusion

- ▶ Coupled-Cluster needs efficient tensor-contractions
- ▶ NTCL provides a hardware-independent interface to do tensor-contractions on different hardware
- ▶ Simple user interface

Conclusion

To get access to NTCL email us

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