

Tentative Agenda

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|--------------------|-----|---|
| 1. Yuri | 10' | Status of nTMM-2 preparation at GP-SANS |
| 2. Yuri | 15' | Beam time program for nTMM-2 at GP-SANS for Sept 8-12 |
| 3. Alina | 10' | On-line analysis organization |
| 4. Carolyn & Alina | 5' | 20 min vs 30 min runs ? |
| 5. Shaun | 5' | Pressure monitoring with video camera |
| 6. Mubi | 10' | COMSOL simulations for mu-prototype |

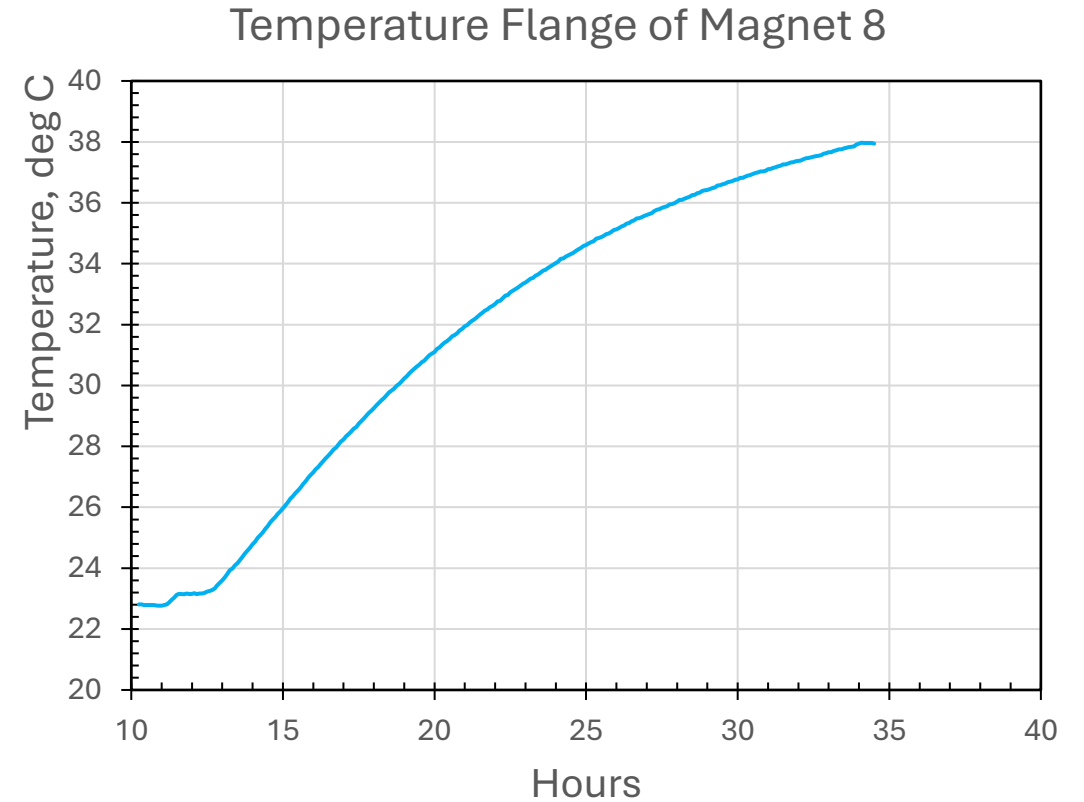
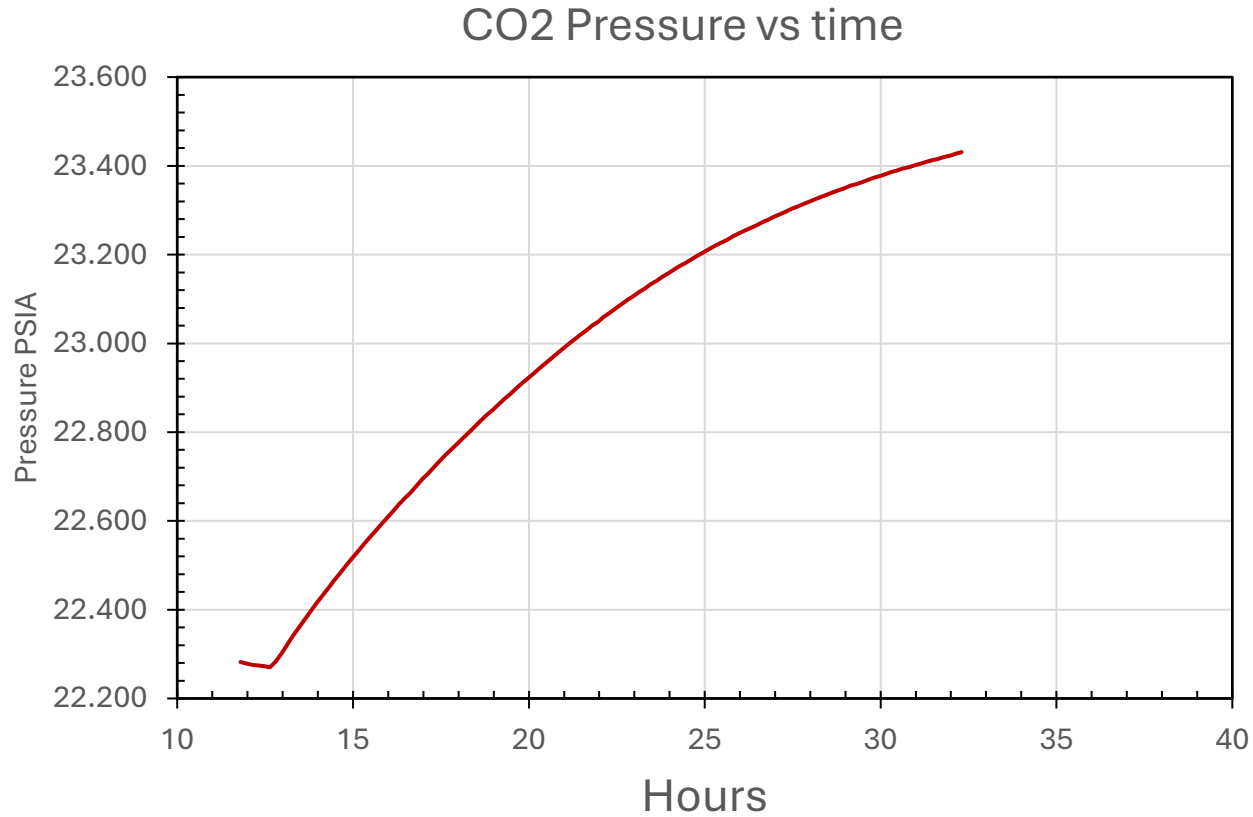
* please, send me all your slides for INDICO posting

Beam time September 8-12 run program IPTS Proposal 37490.1

Note, Monday September 7 is Labor Day. No access to GP-SANS

Yuri Kamyshev

Current operation of two magnets at GP-SANS with current 0.33 A



Goal to come to stable equilibrium temperature for beginning of measurements

Unresolved issues that we have

- Plans of ICE magnet operation at CG-4: no clear plans.
- If they will change magnetic field very often, we will need to degauss after every change. Each degaussing procedure will take ~ 1 hour of our time.

- (1) ❖ Likely that they will do most changes during first day.
- ❖ They essentially have gamma detector. Its operation might be severely hindered by gamma background of our beam absorber.

- Lisa will be talking more with ICE people.
- We will have our shift access view to ICE current status
- We plan to install + 2 outside magnetometers between GP-SaNS and Bio-SANS guide boxes to record the history of ICE filed variation (for OFF LINE)

- (2) • Magnetometers readout ~ 1 per sec exists in NEXUS files. All of it is not transferred to .TXT files. Lost in translation (Matt)

- (3) • On Friday September 4 by 4:00 PM Lisa will produce 2-3 dry runs to check the format of output files.

nTMM parameters (preliminary)

CO₂ Pressure (8/25/2026)

22.314 psia

At Temperature

21.8 °C

CO₂ gas density (NIST)

0.0027831 g/cm³

https://webbook.nist.gov/cgi/fluid.cgi?ID=C124389&TUnit=C&PUnit=psia&DUnit=g%2Fml&HUnit=kJ%2Fmol&WUnit=m%2Fs&VisUnit=uPa*s&STUnit=N%2Fm&Type=IsoTherm&RefState=DEF&Action=Page

Optical (Fermi) potential V_F

1.81E-10 eV

W absorption & scattering

1.0698E-17 eV

B_{at peak} (from $V_F = \mu B$)

30.02 G (Gauss)

μ neutron magnetic moment

6.03E-12 eV/G

Gauss= 97.5 * Current (A)

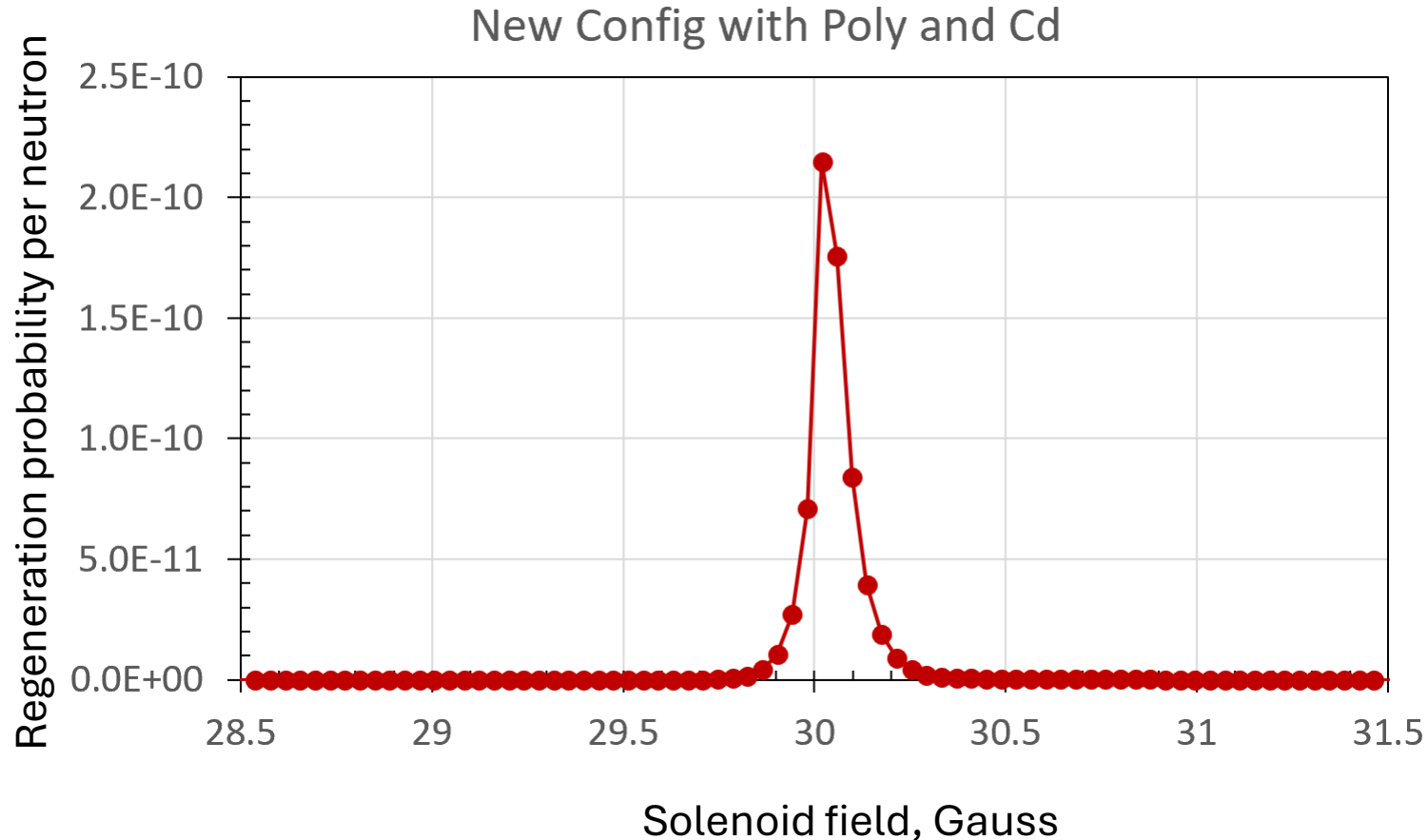
COMSOL calc. (Linus)

Coil Current at peak=

0.3079 A

* These numbers will be modified for final temperature and pressure

Sensitivity calculation



$\kappa = 5 \times 10^{-6}$ sensitivity $\times 88$ higher than in 2025 run
Pressure 22.314 psia at 21.8 deg C

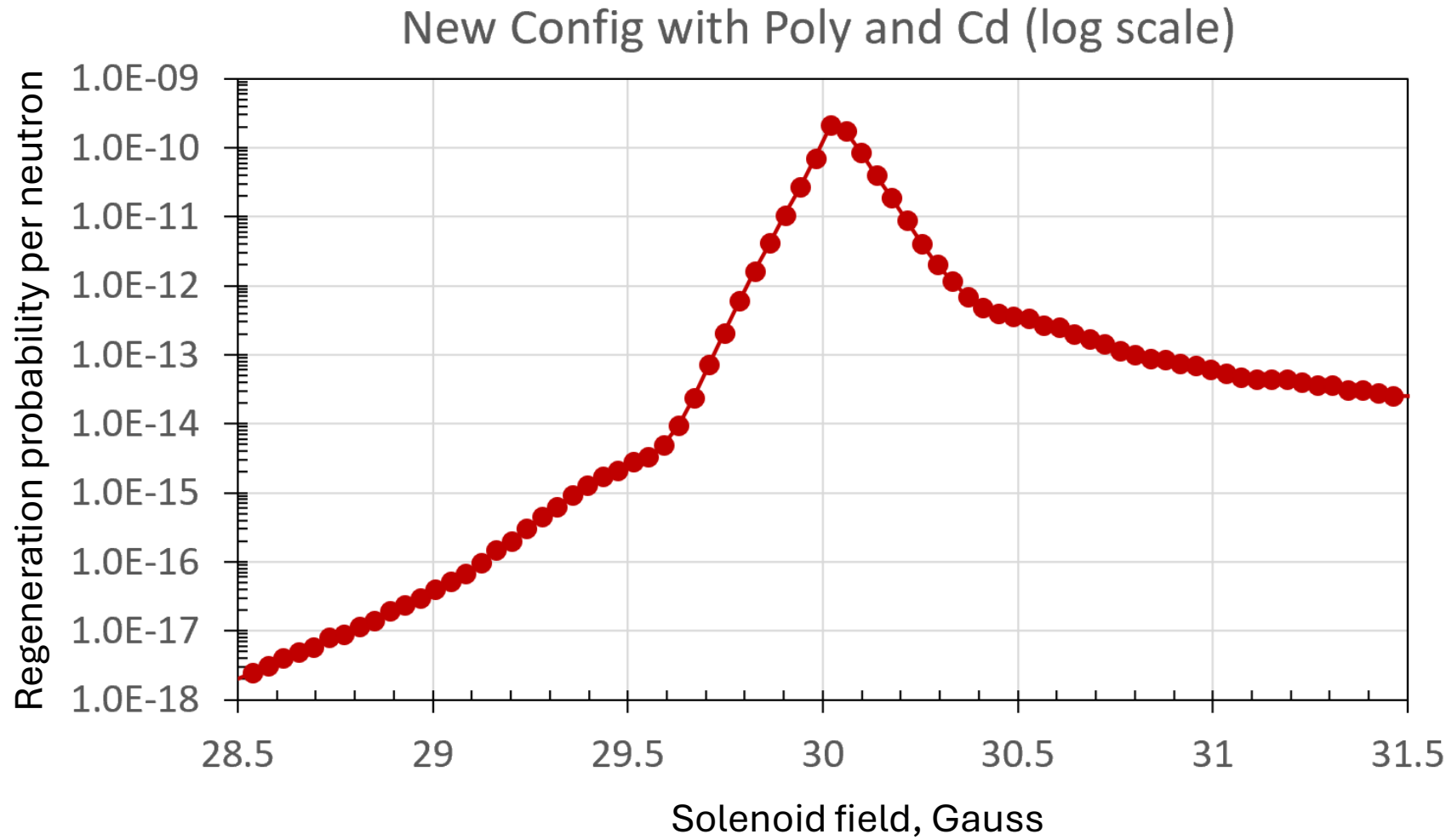
n-intensity is $\sim 5E+12$ for 30 min
Peak count 1,100 for 30 min

Step $\Delta B = 0.039$ G
Peak current = 0.3079
Step current $\Delta I = 0.0004$ A

Suppose, we take 81 measurements
by 30 min per measurement
From $I = 0.2919$ A
to $I = 0.3239$ A

It will take 40.5 hours
and measures ± 1.56 Gauss around central

Probability is averaged over 2-20 Å spectrum with 2000 samples



Suggested scenario for Sept 8-12 run

Assuming that ICE magnet will be at constant field (0T or 5 T no variation)

Before beam time

1 hour	Degaussing of both magnets at max current 0.33 A planned for Wednesday Sept 2
1 week	watch for max temperature of coil (going on)
1 hour	Degaussing of both magnets at max current 0.33 A Early Tuesday September 8

During beam time

4 hours	reactor commissioning
1.5 hours	checking detector background, GP monitor, and data quality
40.5 hours	81 points 30 min sequential scan from $I = 0.3239$ A , step 0.0004 A, down to $I = 0.2918$ A
1.5 hours	change magnets polarity . Degaussing of both magnets at max current -0.33 A
40.5 hours	81 points 30 min random scan between $I = 0.3239$ A and $I = 0.2918$ A (same points)
8 hours	reserve (1-hour scans near point 0.3079 A ~ 30.02 Gauss) for more precision of nTMM determination

Change of magnets polarity for the possibility of analysis in terms of mirror magnetic field

Probabilities per one magnet flight

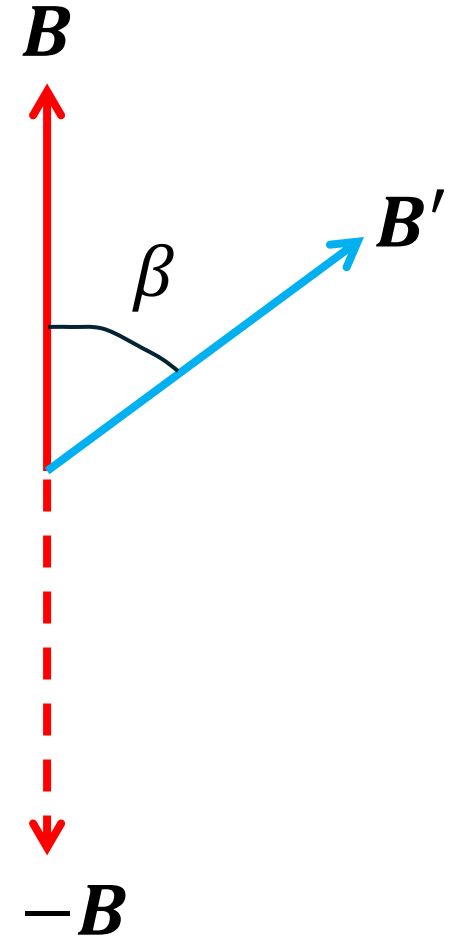
$$P_B(t) = \mathcal{P}_B(t) + \mathcal{D}_B(t) = \mathcal{P}_B(t) + D_B(t) \cos \beta,$$

where β is the angle between the vectors $\mathbf{B}$ and $\mathbf{B}'$ and

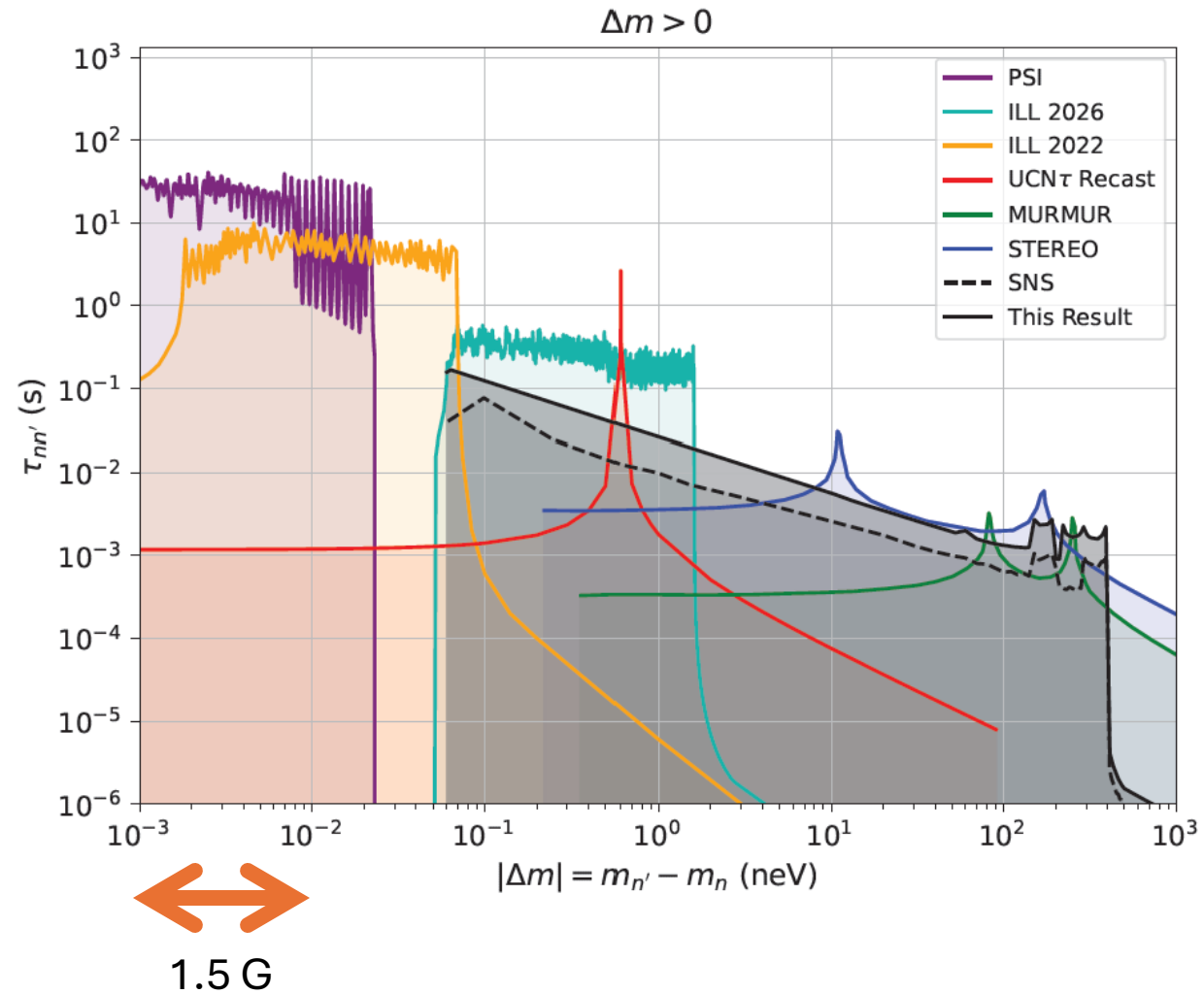
$$\mathcal{P}_B(t) = \frac{\sin^2[(\omega - \omega')t]}{2\tau^2(\omega - \omega')^2} + \frac{\sin^2[(\omega + \omega')t]}{2\tau^2(\omega + \omega')^2},$$

$$D_B(t) = \frac{\sin^2[(\omega - \omega')t]}{2\tau^2(\omega - \omega')^2} - \frac{\sin^2[(\omega + \omega')t]}{2\tau^2(\omega + \omega')^2},$$

$$P_B + P_{-B} = 2\mathcal{P}_B \text{ is not function of } \beta$$



- Should we have 20 min runs and cover more ΔB ?
- Should we make current step 0.0005? $\Delta B = 0.04875$?

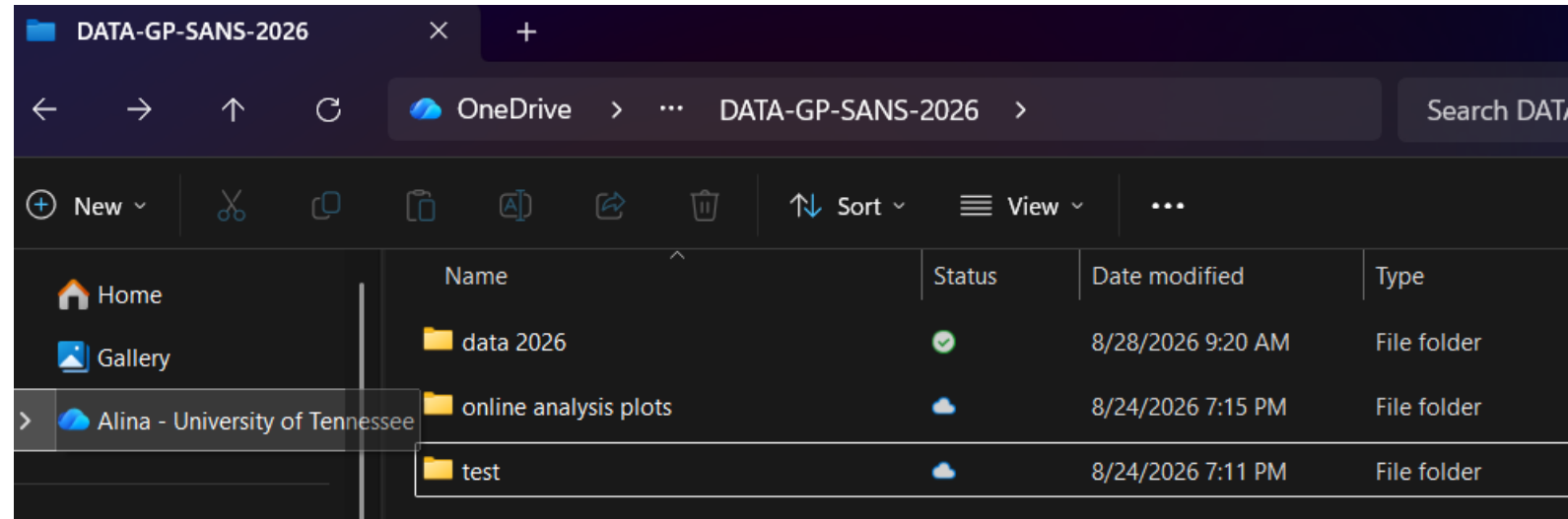


Online analysis updates 9/1

Alina Moore 09/01/2026

No more rclone

- Can sync directly to the OneDrive folder from my computer with the OneDrive app.
- Simpler for what we need

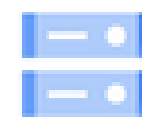


Hosting and storage

- All online, on google cloud
- App will be available with a link and run whenever you open it
- Link can be posted in a file on onedrive and distributed like any other website link



Google
Cloud Run



Bucket
Cloud Storage

HTML, CSS, JS, JPG, PDF

Where the data and downloadables go

- Run Nathan's script – translate h5 to txt and save to my laptop
 - Immediately after, upload to Google Cloud storage bucket for the app to use
 - Put files in the OneDrive folder for others to access
 - these happen in the same step after replacing Nathan's original rclone logic in process-data.sh file
 - Scheduled to happen every 30 mins
- App sees new files in the cloud storage bucket and will include them in the analysis
 - Can possibly save counts plot and latest 2D hist to cloud storage bucket, read from it, and save the plots to the UT OneDrive folder as well
 - Everything downloadable from UI as well

Currently doing

- **Get `conversion.py` script to see and operate on runs. Needs done by Friday**
 - Syncing things from the processed data folder on ornl server works, just need to generate the txt files to populate that folder
- Playing with the UI – feedback on visuals ?
- Adjusting code for the cloud.

TBD

- Add readout pngs to UI ? Ideal, but how to do that?
 - Cloud storage bucket does support pngs. Seems possible to add them
- Start scheduled task for getting new run files. Test on Friday with dry runs.
- Deploy to google cloud on Monday. Post to GitHub also

Other things (added after Tuesday meeting)

- We have off on labor day so I have a whole day to work on this and update people on things
- Likely getting a desktop computer for school this weekend, means there will be no issue with sacrificing my personal laptop to perform the scheduled task for 4 days.

20' vs 30' Run Limits (2025 data)

Carolyn Haviland, UTK, 9/1/2026

Limits

20 minutes: $\kappa < 6.83 \times 10^{-6}$

30 minutes: $\kappa < 6.52 \times 10^{-6}$

- I don't know what constitutes close but these seem close to me

Limits from 20 and 30 min runs for 2025 data

Alina Moore

From experimental data:

30 mins: $\kappa < 6.205\text{E-}6$

20 mins: $\kappa < 6.843\text{E-}6$